The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 26, 1907. NO. 37.

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS
AT THE
Farmers National Bank.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $150,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

On The Basis of

Careful and Conservative Management

The Bloomsburg National Bank

Invites Your Business.

3 Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Savings Deposits

Wm. H. Hidlay, Cashier. A. Z. Schoch, President.

Men's High Grade Ready-to-Wear Clothes

The Clothes you wear reflect your taste and business ability. Their style and goodness is soon known to your friends.

That's the sort of advertising we want!

If there is anything that will put a Man down and out in the matter of dress it is Clothes that fit intermittently.

"Lumpy" Clothes are about as unsightly as anything can be, and that is why we place fit ahead of many other points.

You will find that our Clothes fit snug to the neck, show a smooth shoulder and feel comfortable at the armholes.

They have the proper quantity of cloth at the right place, they hang gracefully and they have all the niceties of good style and perfect Tailoring.

The effect of our choice Clothing on the public is such now that, when a Man has a Suit or Overcoat in mind, he naturally thinks of the excellent style and taste shown in our ready-to-wear garments.

SUITS $10, $12, $15 to $30

Overcoats 10. 12, 15 to 65

Everything in Hats and Toggery for Fall and Winter wear that has the approval of fashion's edict.

3 for 1 Trading Stamps Friday and Saturday

BEN GIDDING

Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg.

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

CATHEDRAL DEDICATED.

A Delightful Reception Marks the Event.

The dedication of Caldwell Consistory Cathedral has passed, and the last three days have proven the most eventful ones in the history of Masonry in this section.

At 10.30 Tuesday morning the opening service was held. In the Lodge of Perfection, H. A. McKillip presiding, the report of Architect Reitmyer was read, followed by the report of the building committee by R. E. Hartman, its secretary. The key of the building was then handed over to Frederick W. Ulrich, Commander in Chief, by the builder E. E. Ritter, and passed by him to John R. Townsend, chairman of the Board of Trustees.

In the afternoon, the ceremony of dedication was conducted by Hon. Henry L. Palmer, Most Potent Sovereign Grand Commander of the Supreme Council of thirty third degree masons.

The reception on Tuesday evening was attended by about fifteen hundred people, including members of the Consistory and of other Masonic bodies, and their wives. Each member was allowed to invite an additional lady. The guests were received by the officers of the Supreme Council in the reception room. Each lady was presented with a souvenir in the shape of a hatpin, the head being a triangle with the figures 32 in the center.

A concert was given by Charles P. Elwell's orchestra of twelve pieces in the Auditorium, a delightful program being rendered. The music was very much enjoyed and highly complimented. Following this Caldwell Choir rendered an excellent vocal program for a half hour. The choir is composed of the following: Stewart U. Mitman, director and first tenor; R. Frank Colley, first tenor; Edwin H. Ent, second tenor; DeForrest J. Hummer, second tenor; A. Nevin Yost, first bass; Samuel R. Bidleman, second bass; Orval H. Yetter, second bass, and Griffith J. Jones, organist.

During the early part of the evening refreshments were served in the banquet hall, a large number of young ladies acting as waitresses in a pleasing manner.

At 9:30 the banquet hall was utilized as a ball room, and lovers of the dance enjoyed themselves until after midnight. Here again the music of the orchestra was highly appreciated and its popularity was shown by the frequent encores.

During the day the automobiles of several of the members were in use conveying visitors from the stations to the hotels, and in the evening many of the guests were carried to the temple in the same manner.

One of the features of the reception was the presence of a number of widows and orphans of deceased members.

Wednesday and today were occupied in Masonic work, a large number of candidates being advanced to the 32nd degree. Tonight the celebration ends with a banquet in the banquet hall, and provision has been made for 550 guests, at which H. A. M'Killip 33° will preside as toast-master. Most of the set speeches will be made by visiting brethren.

Thus will close an event that is unique in this section, one that has been most admirably planned and conducted to a culmination that has given to Bloomsburg an institution that is a great ornament to the town, and a source of commendable pride to the Masonic Fraternity.

THREE BARNS BURNED.

Two Near Jerseytown, One in Centre Township.

The severe electrical storm that swept this section Saturday afternoon, destroyed three barns in Columbia county, entailing big losses on the owners and tenants.

The large barn on the farm owned by Anna Johnson and tenanted by Isaiah Mausteller, about a half mile from Jerseytown was struck and burned to the ground, and with it the season's crops. The farming implements were saved. The loss is estimated at about $2000. There was a small insurance on the building, but none on the personal property.

At nearly the same time and about 500 yards from the Johnson barn, the barn of Peter Rudy was struck. This also was burned to the ground along with 100 bushels of wheat, 100 bushels of oats and a large hay stack.

The largest barn to burn was on the Frank Hagenbuch farm in Centre township. The barn was 40 by 50. Also a straw shed 40 by 80, a hog pen and a wagon shed were destroyed at this place. A calf, the hogs, harness, some of the implements and all of the season's crops were burned. There was a small insurance, the actual loss being about $5000.

BERWICK'S CHIEF DEAD.

Adam Clayberger, for the past fourteen years Chief of Police of Berwick, died at his home on Tuesday morning, from typhoid fever and diabetes. He was an excellent official, and though his position was a difficult one owing to the large number of foreign lawless element that has come to Berwick within a few years past, he has performed his duties faithfully, bravely, and efficiently.

On August 30th he brought a prisoner to the county jail, and on his return home he was taken sick, and never arose from his bed. He had much to do with the running down of the Black Hand cases. Ten men brought to justice by him are now in the penitentiary, and several in the county jail.

He was born December 13, 1859, near Bear Gap, in this county, and was the son of Adam Clayberger Sr., who was born in Germany, coming to this country in 1830. He was raised on a farm, and moved to Berwick in 1892. He was a conscientious christian, and had served as a Snnday school superintendent, and as a local preacher, and class leader in the M. E. Church.

He is survived by his wife, five brothers and two sisters.

The funeral was held today at 2 o'clock, and was largely attended.

ROW OVER PAVEMENT.

At a special meeting of town council on Tuesday evening to consider the acceptance of the paving job on Market Square the highway committee, consisting of C. W. Runyon, H. C Rulon and James Magee, made an exhaustive report showing that they had given the matter careful investigation. They pointed out wherein the paving is defective in their judgment, and laid down the conditions under which the contract would be accepted and paid for. The report was adopted.

MURDERERS CAUGHT.

Slayers of the State Trooper in the Reading Jail.

Salvatore Garritto and Stefano Lesnicchi, the slayers of State Trooper Timothy Kelleher, are now safely in the Berks county jail. They were brought to Reading from Allentown and placed in separate cells Monday morning.

The three hour's journey was made in a special trolley car under heavy guard. On the city outskirts the party was transferred to a patrol wagon and hustled to prison. This precaution was taken to prevent the gathering of a big crowd and to avoid a possible demonstration.

Through an Italian interpreter the prisoners reiterated their previous story and confession. In addition to admitting that he administered the knife thrust that killed Private Kelleher, Garritto confessed that, seven years ago, he murdered his rival in love at San Stefano, province of Messina, Italy, for which his brother is now serving a 21-year sentence. For this crime Garritto fled the country and came to America.

Garritto told Matteo Alberta, one of the firm of Italian bankers, to draw what money he had coming to him from the Reading Railway company and, after taking out a small bill he owed, send the balance to his father in Italy, as he would surely have to die.

It was learned that the alleged murderers, after committing the crime, spent Sunday in Reading. That night, after hearing of the death of the trooper from their countrymen, and knowing that they were wanted, they left the city and slept in a field near the outskirts. On Monday morning they started to walk, going first to Allentown, then to Nazareth, next to Easton and finally to Warwick, N. Y., where they were captured.

The two men were assaulting a woman on the outskirts of Reading when the woman's screams were heard by Kelleher, who was in citizen's clothes. He went to her rescue, and was stabbed by Garritto. His dead body was found next morning. The men have confessed.

CRUSADE COMMANDARY.

Crusade Commandery of which at one time there were more than 500 members and which is the mother of at least 15 commanderies, was instituted March 5, 1856. At one time more than 50 ministers of the Gospel belonged to the Commandery.

It was instituted March 5, 1856, with Christian F. Knapp, J. B. McKelvy, Dr. F. C. Harrison and Rev. John A. Demoyer as the officers.

STUDENTS' LECTURE COURSE.

The Normal Lecture Course for the coming winter is a very strong one. It includes Judge Lindsey, the Juvenile Court Judge, whose reputation is world-wide; Laurant, the Magician, who comes most highly recommended; the Kalterborn Quartette, well known and most highly spoken of in musical circles, and George R. Wendling, the famous lecturer, who will lecture on "The Man of Gallilee."

A PASTOR IN SIGHT.

Information has been received that Bishop McDowell will probably appoint Rev. Mr. Heckman, of Duncannon, as pastor of the M. E. church of Bloomsburg. He is the choice of the official board of this church.

DEEDS RECORDED.

The following deeds have recently been entered of record by Recorder Frank W. Miller:

Abram Miller Estate to T. S. Harter for tract of land in Mifflin township.

T. S. Harter to Levi H. Miller for tract of land in Mifflin township.

Henry Pfahler to J. E. Robert for a portion of a lot of ground in Catawissa.

Clarence L. Stout to Daniel M. Stout for his right title and interest in one acre of land situate in Sugarloaf township.

C. B. Ent, sheriff, to C. J. Fisher for 18 acress of land in Main township.

C. B. Ent, sheriff, to Mary J. Deen for 55 acres ot land in Pine township.

C. B. Ent, sheriff, to Dora Martin for 60 acres of land in Catawissa township.

John C. Cryder and wife to Levi H. Cryder for 52 acres and 88 perches of land in Center township.

Rosemont Cemetery Company to Camille E. Rabb for a lot in said cemetery.

Adam Morey to J. B. McHenry for 235 acres of land in Benton township.

H. J. Hess to A. M. Hess for a tract of land in Sugarloaf township.

Daisy Mullinex et al. to Susie May Everett for a tract of land in Greenwood township.

N. Grant Bitler to S. C. Creasy for a tract of land in Jackson township.

John M. Fairchilds to D. J. Steward Day for a lot of ground in the borough of West Berwick.

H. W. Nesbitt et al. to C. W. Miller for ten lots in East End Park, Bloomsburg.

C. A. Raseley and wife to Clara Kishbach for lot of ground in West Berwick.

David Walburn and wife to Fannie Bidleman for lot of ground situate on Mulberry street in Berwick.

Bruce F. Evans and wife to S. Robert Pealer for a portion of lot No. 96 on south side of Second street in the borough of Berwick.

Emma J. Sponenberg et al. to the Trustees of Berwick Lodge 246 I. O. O. F. for a lot of ground at the intersection of Front and Mulberry streets in Berwick.

Ezra Smith and wife to Harrisburg Savings and Loan Association for lot of ground in Michael's addition to the borough of West Berwick.

Duval Dickson and wife to Edward Smethers for a lot of ground in Dickson's addition to the borough of Berwick. John Oliver Estate to Isaiah W. Helwig for 23 acres and 109 perches of land in Locust township.

W. C. Oliver et al. to Abram Shoup and Samuel Shoup for 12 acres of land in Roaring Creek township.

W. C. Oliver et al. to A. W. Leiby for 44 acres and 4 perches of land in Locust township.

Heirs of Samuel Kostenbauder to Lloyd W. Wertman for a lot of ground in the borough of Catawissa.

WILL ENFORCE ORDINANCE.

The ordinance forbidding spitting on the pavements has been a dead letter for some time, but Chief of Police Baum proposes to revive it, and he has been notifying the loungers that they must abandon the practice. All lovers of decency will commend the Chief in this action.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits

At a meeting of representatives of the undersigned Banks of Bloomsburg, held July 1st, 1907, it was decided to allow interest on time deposits at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.

Subject to the rules governing Savings or Interest bearing Deposits.

First National Bank

Farmers National Bank

Bloomsburg National Bank

ARREST OF GRAFTERS A GREAT FARCE

The Sam Salter Case an Exact Parallel in Every Way.

Like that Infamous Ballot Box Stuffer They Remained in Concealment Until Arrangements for Their Acquital Were Made.

Progress of the Democratic Campaign

Surrender of Sanderson and Huston a False Pretense to Promote the Success of the Machine Candidate.

(Special Correspondence.)

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 25.

That history repeats itself is proverbial. When Samuel Salter was "caught with the goods on him" a few years ago, he "took a header," so to speak. He went to Mexico, the story goes, and remained a fugitive until arrangements for his "vindication" had been completed. At vast expense in money and morals John Weaver was elected District Attorney, defeated a candidate who had proved incorruptible. Then Salter surrendered to the authorities and submitted himself to the ordeal of a trial in the criminal courts. Of course he was acquitted. The evidence of his culpability was overwhelming. He had practically confessed his guilt. But the safety of those "higher up" required his acquital and the programme was made to suit the exigencies.

When the capital graft investigation assumed the appearance of earnestness, six months ago, Contractor Sanderson and Architect Huston left the jurisdiction of the courts and remained away until arrangements for their acquittal had been perfected. Then, following the example of Salter, they surrendered. Last week they turned up in Harrisburg and gave bail for appearance in the Dauphin county criminal court, when wanted. They will probably be indicted during the present session of the court, but that is not certain. The machine District Attorney of that court is already protesting that the calendar is crowded with petty cases which may occupy the whole time of the Grand Jury. Only those concerned know exactly the terms of the agreement.

The Arrest a Colossal Fraud.

One thing is absolutely certain, wever. They won't be tried be- the election and if the machine didate for State Treasurer is suc- sful, it is not likely that they will tried at all. The issuing of the rants, the surrender and entering bonds are the various parts of a g bluff. The arrest of Auditor General Snyder and former Superintendent of Public Grounds and Buildings Shumaker, is merely an incident of the farce. It is the stage setting of the play which gives verisimilitude to the plot. Sanderson and Huston are insignificant factors in the conspiracy. The prosecution of them alone would "be laughed out of court." The inculpation of some of the politicians was necessary to make the comedy effective. You can't fool a considerable number of people with an obvious humbug.

The purpose of the thing is to fool the people into the belief that the Republican machine will purify itself if it gets the opportunity—that it will punish its own rascals. That would be a strong tax on popular credulity even if the plans had been better laid. The machine has never punished one of its criminals and never will. Even now the memory of Quay is revered above all other party leaders and he would have died in the penitentiary if he hadn't pleaded the statute of limitations. Every present manager of the organization hopes to see his monument erected in the State capitol to insult the conscience of the commonwealth. There has bees no reform and there is no contrition. In fact there is nothing but a false pretense to deceive the people in order that the looting may be resumed.

Pennypacker the Arch-Conspirator.

If the purpose had been to "cleanse the Augean stables," Pennypacker would have been the first man to be summoned to the bar of justice. The charges against all are that they conspired to loot the treasury through collusion and the misinterpretation of the law in disbursing the funds of the State. It was Pennypacker's interpretation of the law that was adopted. It was he who said that the act authorizing the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings to "furnish, alter, repair or improve," conveyed the authority to complete the building notwithstanding the specific inhibition contained in the General Appropriation bills of 1901, 1903 and 1905. But he finds ample shelter in his relationship to Quay and secures immunity from the humiliation of arrest.

There would be no cause of complaint in the arrest of Auditor General Snyder and State Treasurer Mathues if there was even the shadow of a hope that it is a genuine effort to punish malefactors and enforce restitution of the golden treasure. But there is no such purpose. The machine candidate who helped to create the legislation under which the looting was made possible will not aid any movement to punish the criminals if successful. They are all active in supporting his candidacy. They are anxious for his election and he will favor them after the event if it occurs, notwithstanding his promises of improvement now. A leopard can't change his spots and a machine politician never betrays his friends. Quay taught the doctrine of honor among crooks.

Mr. Sheatz's Recreancy Revealed.

The legislative work of Mr. Sheatz, already reviewed at some length in this correspondence, is the best evidence of his servility to the machine. During the session of 1907 he had splendid opportunities to serve the people but invariably voted with the gamsters or dodged. One notable instance of his recreancy in this respect was revealed on the evening of Monday, April 29. On that occasion Representative Flynn of Elk county offered a resolution reciting the fact that Contractor Sanderson and Architect Huston had demanded additional payments amounting to $200,000 which Mr. Berry had refused to allow notwithstanding the opinion of Attorney General Carson to the contrary, thanking the State Treasurer for his action and pledging him the moral support of the General Assembly "to the end that his righteous purpose may be consummated."

One would think that any just man would take pleasure in supporting such a resolution under such circumstances. But that expectation was disappointed. Representative Call led an attempt to overwhelm it with ridicule and other machine representatives tried to make it absurd by proposing to substitute the name of Governor Stuart for that of Mr. Berry though Governor Stuart had nothing to do with the matter. Finally Representative Millliron of Venango moved to refer it to the Graft investigating commission. The party whip was lashed about with great vigor and enough votes secured for the motion to carry it. All the real reform Republicans on the floor voted against the motion but Sheatz lacked courage or character to vote on either side. He simply dodged.—Legislative Record, 1907, page 3591

Democratic Campaign Progressing

The Democratic campaign is making gratifying progress and no intelligent observer, familiar with the facts, any longer doubts the election of John C. Harman to succeed Mr. Berry in the office of State Treasurer. The State committee has the most flattering reports from all sections of the State and outside of Philadelphia Mr. Harman's vote and majority will far exceed those of Mr. Berry two years ago. Then Allegheny county, with its fraudulent vote mill running overtime, rolled up an immense majority for the machine candidate. This year most of the machine leaders in that county are busy keeping out of jail, and the machine majority will only be nominal.

To-day the State Committee opens branch headquarters in rooms 101, 103 and 105, Hotel Walton, Philadelphia where county Chairmen and others having correspondence with the Committee are requested to address their letters. The committee occupied the same rooms during the closing period of the campaign for Mr. Berry two years ago and watched the manoevers and manipulations of the machine managers from them. It is not expected that the city will give Harman a majority as it gave Berry, but it is absolutely certain that there will be no ballot box stuffing there this year even though the municipal administration is willing to encourage that form of crime.

Sheatz Won't Meet Harman.

Mr. Harman is still patiently waiting for Mr. Sheatz's answer to his challenge to discuss the vital issue of the campaign on the hustings, but has about given up hope of an acceptance. It is really a pity that this question of minority representation is not to be elucidated in joint debate. We all know that the looting of the treasury occurred when the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings was composed of men of one party and that almost as soon as minority representation was introduced exposure came and the end of the iniquity followed. Most people feel, moreover, that a restoration of the cause will work a resumption of the effect. In view of the facts the debate would have been illuminating and valuable.

But whatever his personal inclinations might be Mr. Sheatz will not be permitted to discuss the question in that way. Such a debate would be disastrous to Penrose's ambitions and after all they are the matters of chief concern to the managers of the machine. Sheatz is only a picket for the Penrose camp. As Contractor McNichol declared the other day, the re-election of Penrose is the paramount question in the campaign from a machine viewpoint and Sheatz won't be allowed to do anything that might impair Penrose's chances.

G. D. H.

Mr. Harman's Campaign.

From the Philadelphia Record.

It is well that the Democratic leaders recognize that it is worth while to make an effort to elect Mr. Harman. Although the Lincoln Party and the City Party are not in the field, their voters are in existence and plenty of them have no notion of wearing the collar of the Machine. David Lane's appeal to the Organization voters to wake up and be registered indicates that the Organization is not any too well satisfied with the outlook, and we trust that his shouts will be heard by sleepers, who, when sufficiently disturbed, will vote for good government. There is still another day of registration; the second day's registration was larger than the first days, and due diligence on October 5 can make the total registration very full.

Democratic leaders are speaking within bounds when they say the prospect of Mr. Harman's election is better than the chances Mr. Berry seemed to have a couple of years ago. The collapse of the Enterprise National Bank probably threw a good many votes to Mr. Berry, but the capitol exposures and the arrest of fourteen men, many of them high chiefs in the Republican army, are more likely to affect the vote than the failure of one bank. The State lost nothing in the bank failure, and an Investigating Commission of Republicans has figured out that the State lost five or six million dollars in the Capitol grafting.

Since two years ago the people of this State have had a working demonstration of the value of an opposition State Treasurer to guard the public funds from depredators whom Republican officials will not antagonize because they are of the same party. The danger of having the State government "too unanimous" has been abundantly proved. The importance of having a man in the Treasury who is under no obligations to the Machine has been proved so completely that the meanest comprehension, if not hypnotized by partisanship, cannot fail to see it. Voters in this city who went back to the Organization in February have waked up to find themselves under the same old gang. The humbug of reform within the party has been exposed. The chances of electing Mr. Harman are good.

Sheats and Reyburn.

From the Bellefonte Dem. Watchman

Mayor Reyburn, of Philadelphia, announces that "all the martyrs of 1905" are to be restored to office. By the "martyrs of 1905" he means those who were thrown out of office after the political convulsion of that year in that city. An extraordinary bold atempt had been made to steal the gas plant there and bestow it upon some friends of the machine and the public conscience revolted at the atrocity. As a result of the incident some of the machine officials were summarily discharged from office. The meaning of Mr. Reyburn's announcement may be easily conjectured in view of that fact.

The election of the eminently respectable machine Mayor in Philadelphia has already restored most of the machine emmissaries to office and the Mayor assures the others that their time is coming, law or no law. In other words, notwithstanding the civil service regulations which protect fit men in office and prevent unfit men from getting place, Mayor Reyburn will get rid of one and secure the appointment of the —other sort. Loyalty to the organization is the standard by which Mayor Reyburn measures public service and the organization, according to his notion, is the machine.

The policy which Mayor Reyburn announces is precisely what is to be expected in the State in the event that Sheatz, the machine candidate, is elected to the office of State Treasurer. He was nominated by the machine to serve the machine. Primarily the machine cares nothing for Sheatz. Any other man of the same characteristics would do as well. But Sheatz was the available man at the time and was chosen because his false pretense of reform would help Penrose and hurt no machine Republican interest. If elected he will help the machine and in either event he will help Penrose.

Doesn't Believe in a Bogie.

Correspondent in Phila. Ledger.

The writer does not believe the election of a Democratic Treasurer will imperil the business interests of this country or endanger Republican national success, and a number of voters interviewed, who have always voted the Republican ticket, are in entire accord with this view.

Owen Wister is so widely and favorably known as a writer that no one will be surprised that he touched the very heart of the capitol graft scandal in an article which is published in Everybody's Magazine for October. It can hardly be said that he is either a muck-raker or a sensation monger. But it is within the limit of conservation to say that no other writer on the subject has criticised it so severely or denounced it more vehemently. He probably overestimates the merits of the City Party of Philadelphia and certainly undervalues the part which Mr. Berry took in the exposure and checking of the looting operations. But he is neither too lenient nor too severe when he declares that the "people of Pennsylvania are not self-respecting," and that Philadelphia is "the dirtiest smear on the map of the United States." If the people of Pennsylvania were self respecting they would scourge the political pirates who have been preying on the industry and commerce of the people for years and if Philadelphia were not "the dirtiest smear on the map of the United States," the rotten machine wouldn't have been restored to power and plunder so soon after its overthrow two years ago. Mr. Wister's story of "The Keystone Crime," and of "Pennsylvania's Graft-cankered Capital," ought to be read and pondered by every citizen of the commonwealth.

If the enemies of Senator Penrose had controlled the convention which nominated John O. Sheatz for State Treasurer, Harry Walton wouldn't have been presiding officer and Wesley R. Andrews, Mr. Penrose Secretary would not have been chosen Chairman of the State Committee. It may safely be added that if Penrose hadn't been for Sheatz for State Treasurer, he wouldn't have been nominated. The Senator isn't as wise as Solomon, probably, or as cunning as the late Mr. Quay, but he knows when he controls a convention and just what to do with it when he has it in hand.

The friends of President Roosevelt in Pennsylvania are not promoting his policies or helping his political estate by supporting John O. Sheatz, the machine candidate, for State Treasurer. Mr. Sheatz is the candidate of a gang which would crucify rather than honor Roosevelt and his vote against the Creasy resolution endorsing the President railroad rate bill during the session of 1905 proves that he is in full accord with his political masters on that subject.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Produce Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT
Sept. . . 105½ Dec. . . 1 08 May . . 1.01½
CORN
Sept. . . . 71¼ Dec. . . . 67 May . . . 64⅝
OATS.—Mixed, @ 52c.
MILK
Exchange price for standard quality is 3⅛c. per quart.
BUTTER
CREAMERY.—Western, extra $ .28
Firsts 26a27c. State dairy, finest 26a27
CHEESE
State, full cream, 14 Small, 14
EGGS
Nearby—Fancy 28a30c State—Good to choice 25a27 Western—Firsts, 22a22½
BEEVES.—City dres'd. 8a10½c.
CALVES—City dres'd. 8a13½c. Country dressed per lb. 7a12c.
SHEEP.—Per 100 lb. $3.50a5.75.
HOGS.—Live per 100 lb. $6.70a7.00
HAY.—Prime, 100 lbs., $1.00.
STRAW.—Long rye, 55a65c.
LIVE POULTRY
FOWLS.—Per lb. a14c.
CHICKENS.—Spring, per lb., a16c.
DUCKS.—Per lb. 11a14c.
DRESSED POULTRY
TURKEYS.—Per lb. 15a16c.
FOWLS.—Per lb. 11a17c.
CHICKENS.—Phila., per lb., 20a21c.
VEGETABLES
POTATOES.—L. I. per bbl., $3.00a$2.25.
CUCUMBERS.—per bbl. $1.50a2.50.
ONIONS.—White, per bbl. $2.00a2.50.
LETTUCE.—per Basket, .35a75c.
BEETS.— per 100 bunches. $1.00a1.50.
GREEN CORN.—per 100, .75ca$1.75.
TOMATOES—per box, .15a50c.

FINANCIAL.

Stocks underwent fractional changes in a dull market.

New Haven and Boston and Maine railroads are preparing to raise funds by sale of stocks and notes.

Conferences are being held here to consider prices for the improved steel rail recommended by railway experts.

BASEBALL LEAGUE SUMMARIES.

Standing of the Clubs.

National.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Chicago	101	40	.716
Pittsburg	85	55	.607
New York	81	62	.566
Philadelphia	74	69	.544
Brooklyn	64	77	.454
Cincinnati	60	82	.423
Boston	53	86	.381
St. Louis	44	98	.310

American.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Philadelphia	81	54	.600
Detroit	84	56	.600
Chicago	84	58	.592
Cleveland	80	61	.567
New York	66	72	.478
St. Louis	60	80	.429
Boston	58	83	.411
Washington	44	93	.321

Criticised the Pope.

New York, Sept. 26.—Rabbi Joseph Silverman of Temple Emanu-El at 521 Fifth avenue made a strong plea for the advancement of knowplea for the address to the congregation at the services held on the Day of Atonement. He criticised the Pope for his reactionary encyclical forbidding the teaching of modern philosophy in Roman Catholic schools

"The great potentate of the Roman Catholic Church," he said, "has issued to his thousands of subjects a decree declaring that what he spells by the term modernism and what others spell by the terms science and philosophy shall be excluded rigidly from the churches and the schools.

Dog Stops Train Service.

Connellsville, Penn., Sept. 24.—A little yellow dog, which happened to be frothing at the mouth held up the entire Connellsville section of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad for an hour and a half.

The dog darted into the dispatcher's office at White Rock, almost a mile above the city. The train dispatcher just took time to hold up every train on the division, and then he and the operators vacated the office. Word was sent to this city, and Policeman John Lowe was hurriedly sent to the office.

Leaped From Liner.

New York, Sept. 25.—When the Minneapolis, of the Atlantic Transport line, reached her pier in the North River it became known that when the vessel was in midocean and going at full speed, John R. Rogers, a wealthy Englishman and member of a construction firm in London of which his father is president, committed suicide by leaping into the water. Several persons witnessed his act.

Lung Trouble From Pets.

New York, Sept. 25.—Raymond L. Ditmars, Curator of the Reptiles and Small Mammals in the Bronx Zoo, left to spend an extended vacation in Sullivan County, New York. His physicians fear that he is suffering with incipient tuberculosis due to his hard work trying to stop the epidemic of that disease in the monkey house.

Rockefeller Jr., Resigns.

New York, Sept. 26.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., resigned as leader of the Young Men's Bible Class of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church. The resignation was accepted and will take effect October 1.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Knitter's Romance.

Romance may certainly figure in many of the knitted waistcoats and gorgeous stockings worn by our undergraduates to-day, but these have not so romantic an origin as the first of these articles produced in this country. For tradition has it that William Lee, who in the sixteenth century invented the knitting frame on which both stockings and waistcoats were produced mechanically, was driven to this piece of ingenuity by the cruel flouting of the lady he loved, who happened to be a stocking knitter.

Enraged at his failure to make an impression on her heart, he sought to make it on her purse by killing her means of livelihood; and one is glad to read that all stocking makers combined to frustrate his cruel purpose, with the result that he fled with his invention to France, where he finally died of a broken heart, whether for love of his lady or of his spoiled invention, tradition does not say.

One of the "pro-aves" which an eminent English scientist declares were bonds descended from prehistoric reptiles.

Black Rain Clouds.

The color of a cloud depends on the manner in which the sunlight falls upon it and the position of the observer. It will be noticed that high clouds are always white or light in color, and this is because the light by which they are seen is reflected from the under surface by the numberless drops of moisture which go to form the cloud. Heavy rain clouds, on the other hand, are found much nearer the earth, and so light falls on them more directly from above, giving a silver lining to the cloud, though the under surface appears black, owing to the complete reflection and absorption of the light by the upper layers. Seen from above by an observer in a balloon, the blackest rain clouds appear of the most dazzlingly brilliant white.

MAGAZINE READERS

SUNSET MAGAZINE beautifully illustrated, good stories and articles about California and all the Far West. **$1.50 a year**

CAMERA CRAFT devoted each month to the artistic reproduction of the best work of amateur and professional photographers. **$1.00 a year**

ROAD OF A THOUSAND WONDERS a book of 75 pages, containing 120 colored photographs of picturesque spots in California and Oregon. **$0.75**

Total . . . $3.25

All for $1.50

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SUNSET MAGAZINE

Flood Building San Francisco

May a Girl Work Her Way Through College?

"Undoubtedly it is possible for a girl to work her way through college," writes Margaret E. Sangster in the October *Woman's Home Companion*, "if she have exceptional brain power, exceptional pluck and exceptional health. To accomplish this difficult task without pecuniary aid from relaties or friends is a very formidable undertaking, and it is hardly wise to attempt it unless one is sure of having the requisite physical capital and of being able to stand the strain of a long, hard and wearisome pull. Girls have done this, girls are doing it now, and girls will continue to do it, but the race is encumbered by heavy weights, and the rowing is up-stream.

"In college there are many openings for earning money, and it may be remarked that nobody loses caste or is treated with condescension because she is frankly poor. A girl with a knack for sewing may use her needle and receive pay from students who do not wish to sew or mend. She may make shirt waists, trim hats, mend stockings, sew on buttons, repair skirts and do a number of useful things that will help her along.

"In a Western college I met several young women who had paid their way by sweeping, dusting, washing windows and cleaning paint, by taking hold, in short, of anything that offered, whether it was hard or easy. In this particular college the expenses were less than in more luxurious institutions in the East, and I almost thought that the students had a more insatiate love of learning and an intenser personal ambition than I had seen elsewhere."

There is no use Fighting Nature.

Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy does nothing of that kind. It acts tenderly and in sympathy with what Nature is trying to accomplish. Do you have trouble with your digestion, your liver or kidneys? Does rheumatism pain and rack you? Is your head thick and heavy? It will charm away these ailments almost ere you are aware.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to select from.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages.

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York

BIRDS WITH COLORED HEADS.

Curious Mistake in Classification Caused by Pollen.

Many birds frequenting flowers for honey or insects are thus liable to get their heads covered with pollen, says the London Globe. And since the pollen of different flowers varies in color a bird may become yellow-headed, red-headed, blue-headed, etc. This led to a curious mistake in the case of a New Zealand bird. This bird was a honey-sucker and a haunter of flowers. Now, in the early summer it visited most frequently the flowers of the native flax, and later in the year fed chiefly on the fuchsia. The pollen of the former is red, and of the latter blue. Hence in the early summer the bird appeared with a red head, and was named the red-headed honey-seeker. But when later in the year it went to the fuchsia its head was stained blue, and it was called the blue-headed honey-seeker. Thus, for a long time this bird was thought to be two distinct species, and only recently was it found that the red-headed and blue headed were one and the same, and that the real color of the head was blackish brown.

For Delivering Mail.

Devices whereby express trains collect bags of mail at stations on the road without stopping have been in use extensively for a number of years. Naturally, those first used were not entirely satisfactory, and inventors have been endeavoring to improve upon them. Many of the devices patented, although successful in every way, have been so complicated in construction that their use became impracticable. This cannot be said of the one shown in the illustration, which comprises, a supporting frame in the center of which

Weight Operates Shovel.

is pivoted the shooting mechanism. The latter consists of a shovel having at one end a large bowl in which is placed the mail bag. On the end of the frame opposite the mail bag is a pivoted weight. This weight is very heavy and is released by a projection on the passing train. As the weight descends it strikes the handle of the shovel with great force, swinging near the ground the mail bag continues on its journey through the air, entering the open door of the mail car as it passes the station.

Mirrors That Flatter.

"It is not enough to make true mirrors," the dealer said. "If that were all, ours would indeed be a simple business.

"Dressmakers and milliners require mirrors of all sorts. They need, for example, a mirror that makes one look taller and thinner. When they dress a fat, short patron in one of their new hats or suits they lead her to the mirror, and she is so surprised and pleased with the change for the better in her looks that straight off she buys.

"For masseurs I make a mirror that, like a retouched photograph, hides blemishes, wrinkles, scars. The masseur takes the wrinkled face of some rich old woman, steams it, thumps it, pinches it, and smacks it for an hour, and then holds up to it the mirror that gives a blurred blemish hiding reflection. The woman thinks her wrinkles are gone, and is happy till she gets home to her own true mirror.

"Altogether I make some twenty varieties of false mirrors. Salesman and saleswoman in millinery and dressmaking establishments can double and quadruple their business if they are quick and deft in their selection of the mirror that flatters each patron best."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Consumption is less deadly than it used to be.

Certain relief and usually complete recovery will result from the following treatment:

Hope, rest, fresh air, and—*Scott's Emulsion.*

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

SWALLOW'S RAPID FLIGHT.

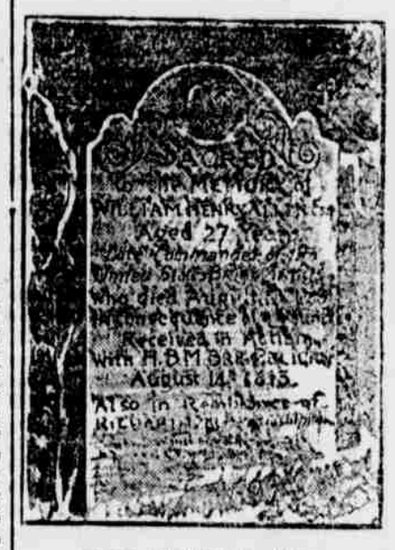
Has Speed of a Hundred and Twenty Eight Miles an Hour.

The French scientific weekly, Ciel et Terre, prints an interesting article about the speed of several birds, as observed by August Verschurin, of Antwerp. The rapidity of flight credited to the swallow (290 feet a second) seemed exaggerated to him and he undertook some experiments on his own hook.

He sent several baskets of pigeons to Compeigne, France, and in a separate cage a swallow which had its nest under the gable roof of the railroad station at Antwerp. At 7.30 in the morning, all the birds were liberated at Compeigne; the swallow took a northern direction as quick as lighting, while the pigeons made several spirals in the air before they started in the same direction. The swallow arrived at its nest in Antwerp at 8.23, a number of witnesses bling present at its arrival.

The first pigeons only arrived at their destination at 11.30 of the same morning. The swallow had, therefore, covered the entire distance of 146½ miles in one hour and 18 minutes, which is equal to a speed of 128½ miles an hour, or about 189 feet a second, which is about double the speed of an express train.

The pigeons only reached a speed of 35 miles an hour or 48 feet a second. It may be gathered from these figures how rapidly the migrations of swallows take place, as with the speed given above it would require only half a day to fly from Belgium or central Germany to northern Africa.



Grave of Captain Allen.

The neglected grave of Captain Allen of the United States brig, Argus, in Plymouth Churchyard, England. At the age of twenty-seven he was mortally wounded in an action with the British ship Pelican. The American society in London is about to restore the stone.

Russian Night Train.

A third class carriage in Russia is not at all uncomfortable if you have a thick blanket, because every passenger has a right to the whole length of a seat.

Three people can sit on a seat, but only one can lie on it. The other two lie in berths above you or below you, as the case may be. The seats are made of wood and if you have a thick blanket and a pillow they are quite as comfortable as any other bed.

When you first step into the carriage it is like entering pandemonium. It is almost dark, save for a feeble candle that gutters peevishly over the door and all the inmates are yelling and throwing their boxes and baskets and bundles about. This is only the process of installation; it all quiets down presently and everybody is seated with his bed unfolded, if he has one, his luggage stowed away, his provisions spread out, as if he had been living there for years and meant to remain there for many years to come.

Protection for European Bison.

The preservation of the wild bison of Europe, which finds its last place of refuge in Russia, is now attracting attention in that country. Wild bison are now to be found only in the Imperial forest of Bjelowjesha (in Polish Bialowicza), in the Government of Grodno, in Russian Poland, and in the valley of the Kuban, in the Western Caucasus.

In neither domain can they be said to exist in a state of freedom, for in the one case they are carefully preserved by the Czar and in the other placed under the protection of the Princes of the Empire. It is true, however, that in the Caucasian region the bison still roams at will as a wild animal, though the great nobles on whose estates it is found claim it as their property.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPEED AND BLOOD PRESSURE.

As Shown by Experiments Before and After a Motor Drive.

The record motor-drive of twenty-four hours on the new English track at Brooklands, by S. F. Edge, is particularly interesting because of the observations made upon Mr. Edge by his physician, Dr. L. P. Gibson, of Cowes, just before the race and immediately after it. The results are given in The British Medical Journal as follows:

"Before the race, Mr. Edge for some time took all opportunities of long motor-drives about the country, and then one week's absolute rest from business and from any lengthy drives just before the race, to avoid staleness. He took no kind of special training diet, only living very simply, taking plenty of fruit, cocoa, fish, vegetables, a moderate amount of meat, and no tea. During the race he had fruit (oranges, grapes, strawberries, and bananas), with occasional drinks of cocoa and beef-tea (very little), some chocolate, and beef lozenges; he also took 1-grain extract coca, made up with chewing-gum, every hour. He ate no so-called solid food at all.

"During the short stops in the race the chief cause of discomfort and exhaustion was bruising and backache from a light, not very comfortable seat fitted to a chassis from which a heavy touring body had been removed, the springs being too curved for comfort at high speed over a track worn in some places.

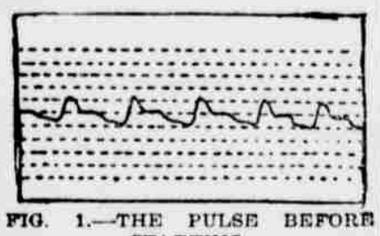


FIG. 1.—THE PULSE BEFORE STARTING.

"After the race a few peas and bread and a drink of water were taken, and he was in bed and asleep within three hours of the finish, slept well all night, and was eating a good breakfast at nine o'clock next morning. The pulse temperature, and respiration were normal, and he was none the worse for the extraordinary and exhausting strain he had been through.

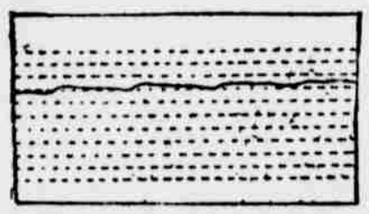


FIG. 2.—AFTER THE STRAIN.

"His temperature before starting was 98.4, pulse 74, of which Fig. 1 is a sphygmographic tracing. At the end of the race, his temperature was 100, and his pulse, of which Fig. 2, is a sphygmographic tracing, 70. I take it that the slowing was due to exhaustion, that the blood control, and that the residual blood in the left ventricle was increased by the fact of the blood being soaked up, as it were, by the lungs,' owing to the long-continued rapid movement through the air.

"Before the ride a specimen of blood was taken and examined for the tuberculo-opsonic index [index of resistive power to tubercular infection], which was found to be 0.85. Another specimen taken directly after the race gave 1.17. That the power of resistance to the tubercle bacillus should be raised after the long journey is very noteworthy, and helps to strengthen the opinion held by many of us, that motoring is an effective treatment in some cases of tuberculosis, and that the gloomy prophecies of some anent the bad effect of great speed on the system were incorrect."

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL : : : : : :

FOR PILES,
ONE APPLICATION BRINGS RELIEF.
SAMPLE MAILED FREE.

At Druggists, 25 cents, or mailed. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,
Vital Weakness and Prostration from overwork and other causes. Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy. $1 per vial, or special package for serious cases, $5. Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co., William & John Sts., N. Y.

GERMANY'S WOMEN WORKERS.

Millions of Feminine Laborers in the Kaiser's Empire.

Out of twenty-seven million wage-earning Germany has seven million working wages, or an average of twenty-seven per cent. If the very young and the very old are excluded in the reckoning, 34 per cent. of women are engaged in work as against 38 per cent in Switzerland, 64 in Austria 50 in Italy 36 in the United Kingdom, and 20 in the United States. German agriculture takes one-third of these working-women while one-twentieth go to the clothing and cleaning industries, and the same proportion is employed in hotels and restaurants.

Since 1895 the shifting in the direction of the increase of wage-earning married women is remarkable. Out of 10,000 wage-earning women there were last year 3,543 married and 6,457 single as against 1,726 married and 8,274 single in 1895.

The endeavors made during the last several years to gain for women access to the higher vocations have met with success. Since the gymnasia (colleges) for girls have been organized in Berlin, Leipzig, Karlsruhe, Stuttgart, Konigsburg, Hanover, etc., in which girls are prepared for studies at the universities, the results have been up to the expectations of the leaders of this movement for higher education. And since the opening of medical, pharmaceutical and dental schools, the professions are being rapidly filled by women.

Germany is not strict about the right to practice medicine; it may be exercised without the approbation of the Government, but the adoption of a degree or title not granted by German universities is not allowed when an impression might be given that it referred to one granted. So female medical and dental practitioners were forced to go abroad several years ago in order to qualify, and to gain the respect of the community. To-day the situation is entirely altered, and a woman can pass an examination for State approbation in the same manner as the male practitioners.

Up till very recently there were only forty women dentists in Germany, but many so-called "lady practitioners," There were also but twenty women physicians, as against 800 in Russia and 5000 in America. Now that the courses of study have been opened to all, this proportion has changed tremendously.

Princess Chemise.

Combination under garments are much to be commended for all women who aim to obtain the effect of trimness and slender figure. This one is as simple as it is pretty and can be tucked above and below the waist line to form a girdle or drawn in with beading and ribbon as liked. In the illustration the material is batiste and trimming is the German

Valenciennes lace that will endure laundering so thoroughly well, but lawn and nainsook indeed all materials that are used for underwear, are appropriate while the trimming always can be varied in one way or another. The frill of embroidery is pretty but the material can be edged with needlework in place of with lace, or tucked and a hem only can be used.

"Hot-Pot" As Bridal Gift.

A recent wedding at Whitburn-by-the-Sea, a picturesque little fishing village to the north of Sunderland, has called attention to an ancient marriage custom prevailing at this place, which, so far as is known, is absolutely unique in the kingdom.

The custom consists in the villagers providing a "hot-pot" and presenting it at the church door as the bridal party leaves, says Home Chat.

The contents of the "hot-pot" are a mixture of beer, brandy, eggs and ginger, made very hot. The gift is considered a great compliment. There is an instance on record of no fewer than 70 "hot-pots" having been sent to a newly-married couple who had won great popularity.

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHED[illegible] NOVEMBER 25, 1906

Trains leave EAST BLOOMSBURG as follows:

For Nescopeck and Wilkes-Barre, 7:50, 10:46 a. m., 2:43 (4:28 Nescopeck only), 6:30 p. m. week-days.

For Catawissa and Sunbury, 8:25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays 4:07 p. m.

For Pittston and Scranton as follows: 7:50 10:46 a. m., 2.43, 6.30 p. m. week-days.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7.50 a. m., 4:28 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7:50 10:46 a. m., 4.28, 6.30 p. m. week days.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, and Ridgway 11 47 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 8:25 a. m, 4:07 p. m.; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 7:25, 11:47 a. m. 4:07, 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clearfield, 8:25, 11:47 a. m, week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8.25, 11:47 a. m., 1:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; 4:07 p. m. Sundays.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8:25, 11 47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays, 4:07 p. m.

For Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8:25 a. m., 4.07 7.25 p. m. week days; 1:07 daily; via Lewistown Junction, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days; via Lock Haven, 8:25, 11:47 a m. week-days.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Passr Tramic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 17, 1904.
TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.27 via West Milton; 11:30 a m, via East Mahanoy; 3.29 p m via West Milton.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.27 a m 3.29 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7:27 a m 3.29 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.27, 11:28 a m 12.20, 7.00, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.27, 11.28 a. m. 12.20 3.29, 7.00, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 9.05 a m., and via Easton 9.10a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.05 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6.36, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.32 p.m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6.44, 8.28, 11.40 a. m. 1.38, 3.40 6.21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R R.
From Chestnut Street Ferry.
For South St. see timetables at stations.

WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY.	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY AND OCEAN CITY
7:30 a. m. Lcl.	4:00 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp	(60 Minutes)	4:15 p. m.
11:30 a. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Exp.	5:20 p. m.
2:00 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	SEA ISLE CITY
	7:15 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m.
	SUNDAYS.	
ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY OCEAN CITY AND SEA ISLE CITY.
8:00 a. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	8:45 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	
10:00 a. m. Exp.		

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut Sts., 834 Chestnut St, 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3962 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT
June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9.00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

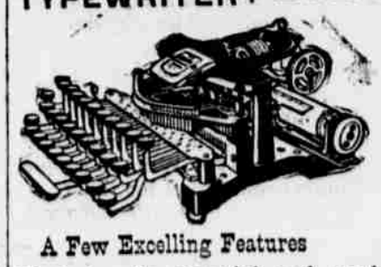
First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m

First car leaves Catawis Sunda 30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

THE POSTAL TYPEWRITER $25.00



A Few Excelling Features

First-class in material and workmanship.
Uses universal key board—writes 84 characters.
Simple construction—Fewest parts.
Alignment positive and permanent.
Extra great manifolding power.
Unexcelled for mimeograph stencil cutting.
Inked by ribbon, as in $100 machine
Visible writing—no carriage to lift.
Style of type changed if desired in few seconds.
Light, easily carried—weighs only 10½ pounds.
The lowest priced practical typewriter.
Every machine fully guaranteed.
Why pay $100 for a typewriter when the Postal, which will do just the same work as well, as easily and as quickly will cost you only $25.
Why tie up that $75 where you derive no benefit from it?
This machine can be seen at the COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

Postal Typewriter Company
Norwalk Conn

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.
In Effect March 1st., 1904.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	*6 45	10 00	11.50	*5 [illegible]
Cameron	6 56	.....	12 01	[illegible]
Danville	7 06	10 16	2 11	5 [illegible]
Catawissa	7 19	10 32	2 23	5 [illegible]
Rupert	7 24	10 37	2 29	6 [illegible]
Bloomsburg	7 31	10 41	2 33	6 [illegible]
Espy	7 36	10 46	2 40	6 [illegible]
Lime Ridge	7 41	10 51	12 46	10 [illegible]
Willow Grove	†7 46	.....	12 51	.....
Briarcreek	7 48	.....	12 53	10 [illegible]
Berwick	7 54	11 02	2 58	6 [illegible]
Beach Haven	8 00	11 07	3 03	6 [illegible]
Hick's Ferry	8 08	11 12	3 09	10 [illegible]
Shickshinny	8 20	11 25	3 20	6 59
Hunlock's	8 30	.....	3 31	7 09
Nanticoke	8 37	11 39	3 38	7 16
Avondale	8 40	.....	3 42	7 22
Plymouth	8 44	11 47	3 47	7 26
Plymouth Junction	8 47	.....	3 52	.....
Kingston	8 55	11 55	4 00	7 .....
Luzerne	8 58	11 58	4 03	7 42
Forty Fort	†9 10	.....	4 07	.....
Wyoming	9 05	12 05	4 12	7 .....
West Pittston	9 10	.....	4 17	7 53
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	12 11	4 20	7 56
Pittston	9 19	12 14	4 24	8 01
Duryea	9 23	.....	4 29	8 06
Old Forge	9 26	.....	4 32	8 10
Taylor	9 32	.....	†4 40	8 17
SCRANTON	*9 42	12 35	4 50	*8 27
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 35	10 20	1 55	*6 40
Taylor	6 44	10 30	2 03	6 4[illegible]
Old Forge	6 50	10 36	2 10	6 55
Duryea	6 53	10 39	2 13	6 58
Pittston	6 57	10 44	2 17	7 02
Susquehanna Ave	7 00	10 47	2 19	7 04
West Pittston	7 04	10 51	2 23	7 08
Wyoming	7 09	10 56	2 27	7 12
Forty Fort	.....	.....	†2 31	.....
Luzerne	7 16	11 02	2 34	7 19
Kingston	7 24	11 08	2 40	7 25
Plymouth Junction	.....	.....	.....	.....
Plymouth	7 28	11 17	2 49	7 34
Avondale	7 37	.....	2 54	.....
Nanticoke	7 41	11 25	2 58	7 42
Hunlock's	7 47	11 31	3 06	7 48
Shickshinny	7 57	11 44	3 20	7 58
Hick's Ferry	8 08	†11 54	3 30	†8 08
Beach Haven	8 14	12 00	3 37	8 14
Berwick	8 22	12 07	3 44	8 20
Briarcreek	.....	12 12	†3 50	.....
Willow Grove	.....	.....	†3 54	†8 29
Lime Ridge	†8 38	12 18	3 58	8 33
Espy	.....	12 23	4 06	8 39
Bloomsburg	8 45	12 29	4 12	8 45
Rupert	8 49	12 34	4 15	8 50
Catawissa	8 58	12 38	4 20	8 54
Danville	9 07	12 51	4 33	9 10
Cameron	9 14	†1 01	4 43	.....
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 25	*1 12	†4 58	9 [illegible]
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡ Stops on signal or notice to conductor.

E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1906, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M
	‡	†	‡	
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 08
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	....
Bloomsburg Main St	9 05	2 42	6 20	....
Paper Mill	9 15	2 52	6 30	6 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 25
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 08
Zaners	fs 40	f3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 18	8 10
Edsons	f10 00	f3 37	f7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	f10 03	f3 40	f7 21	8 16
Laubachs	f10 08	f3 45	f7 31	8 40
Grass Mere Park	f10 10	f3 47	f7 33	....
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	9 05
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 15

SOUTHWARD.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
	†	†	†	‡	
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	f6 01	f7 12	f4 47	f11 00	.....
Laubachs	f6 03	f11 02	f4 48	f7 13	11 53
Coles Creek	f6 12	f11 06	f4 53	f7 22	12 05
Edsons	f6 14	f11 09	f4 56	f7 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	f6 35	f11 29	f5 17	f7 45	12 53
Forks	6 39	11 32	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville	6 50	11 4	5 31	8 00	1 50
Light Street	7 00	11 50	39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. Main St	7 13	12 02	5 53	8 23	2 05
Bloom. P & R	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 28	2 10
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	2 15

Trains No. 21 and 22, mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily ‖ Sunday only. f Flag stop.

W. C. SNYDER, Supt

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STRONGEST BANK IN THE COUNTY

Capital $100,000 | Undivided Profits $30.000 | Surplus $150,000.

First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

3 Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Savings Deposits

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THE COLUMBIAN.
ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

THURSDAY, SEPT. 26, 1907

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

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All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Political.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
JOHN G. HARMAN,
of Bloomsburg.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
WILLIAM KRICKBAUM,
of Bloomsburg.

HARMAN AND BERRY TALK.

Treasurer and His Probable Successor Very Frank.

William H. Berry, State Treasurer, and John G. Harman, Democratic candidate for that office, addressed an enthusiastic mass meeting at Spring City, last Saturday afternoon on "Civic Righteousness." They drew a large audience.

Mr. Harman spoke briefly on his plan to carry out the Berry policy and guaranteed an honest term in the office he is asking for. He said that he was making his fight in the belief that the people in whom he had an abiding faith, would not return to the condition from which they were fast freeing themselves. Speaking of Sheatz, the Republican nominee, he declared that no matter how honest a man may be in private life, when he becomes an integral part of a corrupt Machine he can be free no longer.

"This election will determine whether we shall continue to keep the State Treasury out of politics and beyond the reach of the political brigands who for years exploited it for their personal advantage and gain, or whether we shall restore the conditions which made possible our disgrace in the most monumental steal of modern history. With such an object lesson as this, with such a record of manipulation of our treasury in behalf of political interests as has been repeatedly charged and finally proven, no further or better excuse or reason could be asked for or given for asking of the electors of this State a calm and sober consideration of the issue which confronts us."

Mr. Berry, the watchdog of the treasury, in his address briefly reviewed the disclosures that have been made during his term of office, and told the people that they needed a free man to continue to watch the men and the ring that were willing and anxious to steal from the State.

Both speakers were greeted with rousing applause.

A TELLTALE EXHIBIT.

Naturally the capitol grafters and their friends will never forgive State Treasurer Berry for having exposed the former's steal of $6,000,000 of the public funds. Their organs from the moment he first made his charges, thirteen months ago, until the present moment have never ceased from lying about and reviling him. A year ago they declared that his charges were false, that there had been no grafting in the matter of the capitol building and furnishing, and they supplemented this by making wholly false assertions concerning Mr. Berry himself.

The overwhelming evidence produced to support the truth of Mr. Berry's charges compelled these organs to admit that the State had been robbed of at least six millions of dollars. Nevertheless they have steadily refused to give Mr. Berry any credit for the exposure, which every sensible and honest man in the State knows would never have been made had he not been elected State Treasurer.

These same organs are now telling the people of the State that the men exposed by Mr. Berry are sure to be punished. At the same time they have shown their real feeling by again letting out their venom upon Mr. Berry. They now charge that, although he refused to pay Sanderson $108,000 and Huston $104,000, he did at various times pay a number of small bills for capitol furnishings amounting to the enormous sum of $23,967, which he should have held up. And then the organs go into fits and declare what a bad man and a spurious reformer this man Berry is, and that it would be calamity to the State if he should be succeeded by a man like himself, John G. Harman, instead of the candidate of the machine for whose success the capitol grafters are praying, John O. Sheatz. Surely the organs which make this silly attack upon Mr. Berry must think the people of Pennsylvania are fools, indeed. In thus assailing Mr. Berry they have not only exhibited their animosity toward the man who exposed the capitol thieves, but also the hollowness of their own pretensions in declaring that those thieves will be punished.—*Pittsburg Poet.*

John G. Harman, the Democratic candidate for state treasurer, needs no better platform than the ringing speech he made at the notification meeting at Bloomsburg. As a representative of his county in the lower house at Harrisburg he distinguished himself as a bold and aggressive champion of honest government, and was an irrepressible foe to the gang, which subsequent developments proved were then plundering the state treasury. He was the logical candidate of the party in the present crisis. On him the honest voters of all parties can unite as they did two years ago on William H. Berry, in the full assurance that he will continue the policies and reforms of his predecessor. The situation should not be misunderstood. The election of Sheatz means that the control of the state treasury goes back to the gang, just as surely as the election of Reyburn in Philadelphia reinstated the McNichol-Durham machine in that city. Will the people of Pennsylvania stand for this?

—*Milton Record.*

Pale, Thin, Nervous?

Then your blood must be in a very bad condition. You certainly know what to take, then take it—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. If you doubt, then consult your doctor. We know what he will say about this grand old family medicine.

This is the first question your doctor would ask: "Are your bowels regular?" He knows that daily action of the bowels is absolutely essential to recovery. Keep your liver active and your bowels regular by taking laxative doses of Ayer's Pills.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's HAIR VIGOR. AGUE CURE. CHERRY PECTORAL.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C. Sept. 19, 1907.

The Navy Department admits that it has accepted tenders for about 100,000 tons of coal from English contractors, principally for the use of the battleship squadron on its journey to the Pacific. This arrangement has of course excited much adverse comment in this country, but it is simply a case of the government doing what any private party would do, buying in the cheapest market. And the American contractors have themselves to blame for the opportunity being opened to the foreign bidders. There has been an organized attempt on the part of the coal magnates to "hold up" the government on coal contracts. The coal consumption of this country in the past year has been greater than ever before, but the reports of the Mineral Resources division of the Geological Survey show also that the production has been greater than ever both in anthracite and soft coal. There have been no strikes, there has been no car shortage and not more than the usual freight congestion, but there has been a cry from all the mining companies of a shortage in coal, the cry being preliminary to the raise in price which promptly followed. There have been threats also of an advance in the price of hard coal for domestic use, an advance over anything that this country has ever suffered before. There is no apparent economic reason for this move, and the officers of the Navy Department have done the natural and sensible thing in going abroad for coal when they could get it. Such persistent grinding of the unfortunate consumer can lead to but one thing and that is further government action against the extortionate combines of one sort and another which protected by an insurmountable tariff, will exact the last penny possible from the helpless "common people" for the bare necessities of life.

***

The death was recorded in Washington this week of Maj. James Carroll, U. S. A., the last but one of the famous yellow fever commission which developed the "mosquito transmission" theory of yellow fever in Cuba just after the close of the Spanish War. The head of the commission was Maj. Walter Reed, curator of the Army Medical Museum in Washington and one of the greatest experts on tropical diseases in the country. With him as second in rank was Dr. Carroll. The honor of disaovering the mosquito method of transmission was about equally divided between these two officers. It is hard to give more credit to the one than to the other, but Dr. Carroll was the man who offered himself as a sacrifice when the theory was to be put to its final test. He allowed himself to be bitten by an infected mosquito that had been feeding on yellow fever cases and he developed the disease within four days. It was a discovery that ranked with the discovery of vaccination against small pox or the discovery of anaesthetics and antiseptics in surgery. It enabled the authorities for the first time to understandingly fight yellow fever which had cost millions of dollars and thousands of lives in this country alone. Dr. Carroll was a martyr to science, for he never recovered his health and died of a bacterial disease of the heart that was a direct result of his experiments.

Dr. Carroll had a remarkable career and one that ought to be an incentive to any poor boy. He was born in England, had a good ordinary school education and came to this country where he enlisted in the medical corps of the army. He was an expert microscopist and worked up in the service, being sent finally to Cuba and being rewarded for his work there by a commission as first lieutenant in the Medical Corps. It was not till about a year ago that he was promoted by special act to the rank of major and unfortunately soon after that he was stricken with his last illness. His medical achievement can scarcely be overestimated.

***

The Navy Department has received confirmation of the report from Tokio of the disastrous explosion on the Japanese battleship Kashima resulting in the death of 32 and the wounding of 11 men and officers. The condolences of the President and of the secretary of the Navy were promptly transmitted to Japan. The accident was peculiarly interesting to the officers of the American navy, following as it did in the wake of the numerous disastrous explosions in the turrets of American warships. The Japanese government is very secretive about the details of all such accidents and it is not definitely known whether the disaster was the result of a "flareback," such as has been responsible for so many disasters in the American navy, or whether it was owing to the deterioration of the famous shimose powder with which the Japanese shells are loaded. The bursting power of these shells is said to be terrific and was exemplified in the destruction wrought on the Russian vessels in the late war. It is said however that the shimose powder like the English lydite deteriorates very quickly and when it once goes bad will go off with little or no provocation.

The American navy has just secured a new explosive reported to be even more powerful than shimose and known as Dunnite. This explosive has been subjected to all sorts of tests except that of time. It is said to have proved very safe and satisfactory to handle, but if it can withstand the test of time, it will be the first of the high explosives that has ever done so.

***

Reports to the State Department show that the new expatriation law is working excellently and is hailed with satisfaction not only by this country but by the countries having diplomatic dealings with us. It is nothing more than a law by which a naturalized citizen automatically loses his American citizenship after residing abroad two years unless he renews it by registering before an American consul or minister. The law is designed to check the practice of foreigners who become naturalized in this country and then go home and defy their native laws, relying on their American citizenship to protect them. This habit has been very common of late and has put this country in an awkward position several times. With the new law however a man has to keep his citizenship fresh and be stamped distinctively as a subject either of one country or the other.

A STATE SCHEME.

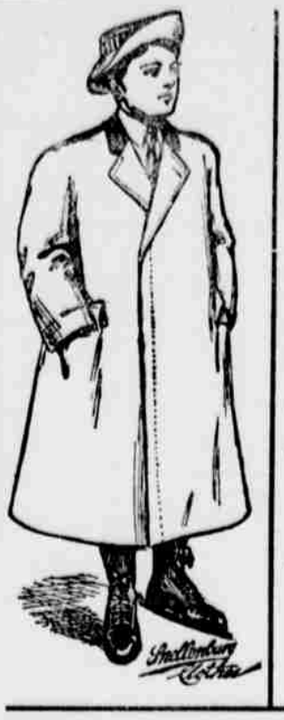
Pennsylvania's Fight Against Tuberculosis in Every County.

Although New York City may justly claim the first place among American cities in the administrative control of tuberculosis, the distinction of putting into effect the most comprehensive state scheme for the cure and prevention of this disease is now held by Pennsylvania.

One million dollars was appropriated by the last Legislature for the use of the Department of Health to be expended in the struggle against this disease that is costing Pennsylvania, like New York, many thousands of its citizens each year. With $600,000 of the appropriation it is proposed greatly to enlarge Pennsylvania's present sanatorium at Mont Alto, and in order that this may be accomplished the sanatorium site and a large adjoining tract have been transferred from the forestry department of Health. The whole forest preserve has been carefully surveyed, the soil and water have been tested, and at the same time preparations have been going on for the erection of the numerous little open air cottages which will form the main feature of the institution.

The remaining $400,000 of this year's appropriation will be used to establish in every county of the state a special tuberculosis dispensary where treatment will be given, and from which will be spread out through the neighboring towns a mass of information about tuberculosis and its cure. It is hoped that this feature of the work will be especially helpful in reducing the present tuberculosis death rate in Pennsylvania, because it will reach many thousands of persons who cannot be cared for in the sanatorium, and will teach them the things they need to know in order that the disease may ultimately be stamped out. With these dispensaries all working in a common and comprehensive scheme, it is expected that within a few years consumptives will not be spreading their disease as they now are, and that many more persons than now will seek and follow expert advice about so caring for themselves that they may be cured.

Young John D. Rockefeller will one day inherit his father's colossal fortune. He has already inherited his father's liver and nervous dyspepsia, says *The New York American*, and is said to be breaking down.



BOYS'

Stylish Fall Suits

That will wear well, always look well, and please the boy as well as you, are the only sort you'll find here at the right prices.

$2.00 to $8.00.

ONE OF THE MOST

Popular Suits for this season consists of double breasted Jacket with or without belt and knickerbockers or "bloomers" as some people call them. Here in a large assortment of beautiful worsteds, cassimeres and cheviots.

$4.00 to $8.00.

TOWNSEND'S CORNER.

BUYING TIME FOR

Thrifty Housewives

Right at this time when good housewives are buying Furniture and Kitchen Ware, our extra values will make this store the mecca for nearly all of them.

Now just a word as to this Furniture. We only ask that you look all around—compare ours with other stock and we feel confident of your verdict—"I CAN DO BETTER AT PURSEL'S."

And the Kitchen Helps—we can only mention a few in the space of course, but if you have a need in that line come here. We will save you money every time.

Furniture.

Rocking Chairs 1.50 to 15.00.
Parlor and Library Tables 1.50 to 22.50.
Buffets 20.00 to 39.50.
Side Boards 10.00 to 35.00
China Closets 20.00 to 40
Extension Tables 5.00 to 35.00.
Dining Chairs 4.50 to 25.00 a Set.
Couches 6.75 to 39.00,
Chiffoniers 6.00 to 22.50.
Bed Room Suits 16.50 to $100.
White Enameled and Brass Beds 5.00 to 35.00.

Kitchen Helps

A full and complete line of the justly celebrated Edleweiss cooking ware 10c to 1.50.
Rochester Nickle ware in Chafing dishes, tea and coffee pots, syrup jugs and what not—all guaranteed.
Scrub Brushes 10c to 25c
White Wash Brushes 25 to 50c.
Wisp Brooms 10 to 25c.

Kitchen Helps

Floor Brushes 1.00 to 1.50
Wall Brushes 60c.
Stove Brushes 15 to 25c.
Washing Machines 7.50 to 9.50.
Clothes Wringers 1.75 to 3.50.
Carpet Sweepers 1.75 to 2.75.
Cedar Wash Tubs, (three sizes) 90c., 1.35 and 1.75.
Painted Pine wash tubs 75 to 90c.
Galvanized wash tubs 80, 90 and 1.00.
Wash Boards 15 to 40c.
Wood Scrub Buckets 20c
Galvanized Buckets, 10 qt. size 20c., 12 qt. size 25c
Fibre water buckets 35c.
Heavy Tin water buckets, 12 qt. size 40c., 14 qt. 50c.
Enameled water buckets 38 to 90c.
Heavy Tin Wash Boilers (with lid) No. 8 for 1.25 and No. 9 for 1.35.
Heavy Tin Wash Boilers, copper bottom, No. 8 for 1.35 and No. 9 for 1.50.
All copper Wash Boilers $3

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

Jayne's Expectorant Cures Coughs and Colds

For 75 years the favorite family medicine for throat and lungs.

EVANS' SHOE STORE

FALL SHOES.

The assortment of EVANS' Shoes provides a shoe for every need, a style for every taste, a fit for every foot.

Until you have seen these new models, or better yet, enjoyed the luxury of wearing one of them, you can not realize what shoe perfection means.

You are cordially invited to come in aud see these new fashions.

The Progressive Shoe Store

CHAS. M. EVANS.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 26, 1907

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

New buckwheat flour is in the market.

E. L. Lemons of Forks shipped 104 hogs to New York city last Saturday.

A fine new line of Wedding invitations just received at this office. 3t.

W. V. Robbins has been again elected tax collector for the town by the council.

All of the college students who have been home for the summer, have returned to their respective institutions.

ANY MAN who has ever sold nursery stock will learn something to his advantage by addressing BOX 1105, WATERLOO, N. Y. 9-19-4t.

Lafayette Keeler, of Benton, who has been a reader of this paper for nearly thirty years, was in town on Tuesday.

Miss Sara Milleisen returned yesterday to Lasall Seminary, at Auburndale, Mass., to enter upon her third year.

The concert at Columbia Park last Sunday by the Citizens Band, was well attended, and those who heard it speak highly of the music.

Fred Edgar, son of H. D. Edgar, was married Wednesday to Miss Esther Williams, of Miners Mills, at Binghamton, N. Y. On their return home they will reside in rooms over Tooley's store.

There was a drop in temperature Wednesday night, the thermometer standing at 50 at ten o'clock. This morning at 7 o'clock it had dropped to 40. Straw hats have disappeared, and overcoats are now being put to work.

H. M. Johnson will sell at public sale on the premises, one and one-half miles from Jerseytown, on Wednesday, October 30th, 1907, a lot of personal property, consisting of horses, cattle, farming implements, and household goods. ts.

Daniel Stiner was seriously injured by a cave-in while digging a trench for sewer on Jefferson street. He was caught up to the waist, part of the surface being made of cinder He was taken to his home where Dr. Montgomery treated him.

With this issue of this paper the editor completes thirty-two years of work in the editorial harness in this office. At each annual recurrence of these anniversaries, now coming all too frequently, we sometimes feel like asking, "Has it paid?"

Boys who wilfully destroy flower beds are of evil disposition, and if discovered they ought to be punished to an extent that will deter them from such practices. The pretty flower beds at the D. L. & W. station were tramped on Monday night, and their beauty sadly marred.

PATENTS Money in small inventions as well as large. Send for free booklet. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 884 14th St., Washington, D. C. Branches: Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit Estab. 1864. 9-19-4t.

Warren Turner has been elected President of the senior class at Leland-Stamford University, California. This is considered a great honor. He is a son of the late F. M. Turner, and brother of Miss Ruth Turner. The college paper thus speaks of him: "Turner has been an active man in college ever since he entered in the fall of 1904. He was coxswain of the Champion 1908 Freshman crew, the 1908 Varsity four and the 1907 Varsity eight. Last year he was president of the Boat Club, chairman of the Plug Ugly Committee and manager of the Chaparral Board. He belongs to the Sigma Alpha Epsilon fraternity."

Must Count All Mail Matter.

Local Post Office Employes Will Have Big Job From Oct. 12 to 19.

An order has been received by Post Master Brown, from the department at Washington, that every piece of mail that passes through the local office during the week of October 12th to 19th must be counted and reported to headquarters.

This order is far reaching, including every class and sub-class of mail matter, and will mean an enormous amount of extra work for the post master and his assistants. The first, second and third class matter, as well as all frank and penalty stuff must be reported separately. A report of the stamps canceled must also be kept and the amount of postage collectee from the publishers of newspapers is to be tallied. The same order will go into effect in every post office in the country at the same time.

At present there is an annual deficit in the post office department, and this order is the result of an idea of one of the new officials of the department, who wishes to gather data to improve the business methods. He states that the post office department can be put on a paying basis in a very short time.

Crops Good and Prices Higher Than Since the Civil War.

Adverting to high prices of all products of the farm, the *Reading Times* says: This has been a farmer's year. Not only have the crops, as a rule, been good, but the prices of everything the farmer has to sell have been higher, perhaps, than at any time since the civil war. All spring and summer long the price of eggs has been 20 cents and over; butter has been anywhere from 25 and 35 cents per pound; wild berries, that need only to be gathered, have been selling at from 13 to 15 cents per quart; corn and oats have not been so high in years, notwithstanding the excellent crops of last year; wheat is also up, and may go still higher; poultry was never higher in this market than during the present season, and yet it costs no more to raise chickens, huckleberries, blackberries and eggs than before."

Bloomsburg Fair.

The Fifty-third annual Fair of the Columbia County Agricultural Society will be held October 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th, 1907.

The grounds have been greatly improved by the addition of five acres of land purchased this season and new buildings erected for the accommodation of horses and cattle.

New and interesting attractions have been secured, the exhibits will, from present indications, surpass anything of the past.

The races will be for the 2:18 pace, 2:27 trot and 2:25 pace on Wednesday; 2:12 pace, 2:16 t ot and 2:21 pace Thursday and Free for All; 2:20 trot and 2:15 pace Friday. The purses being $400, $500 and $600 will attract the best horses in the circuits.

The Bloomsburg Fair is a Great Home Week. You will meet all yovr old frinds there. Competition open to all. Premium Lists mailed on application.

Hotel for Sale.

W. W. Crawford will offer his Jerseytown hotel property at public sale on October 4th at 1 p. m. This is a fine stand, and has enjoyed a high reputation for many years. It is the old A. K. Smith stand, but has been remodeled. It is a good opportunity for any one wishing to go in the business. 9-19-3t

Creasy & Wells gave the employees at their lumber yard a chicken and waffle supper at Columbia Park last Saturday evening.

H. W. CHAMPLIN M. D.

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

Particular attention to examining and treating children's eyes.

Ent Buildin Bloomsburg, Pa

TROLLEY DEAL.

The Mt. Carmel and Shamokin Railway Purchased by a Syndicate and Will be Operated at Once.

The Mount Carmel and Shamokin Railway, which has for the past three months been tied up by a strike, has been purchased by a syndicate headed by W. E. Harrington, who on September 1st resigned as general manager of the Eastern Pennsylvania Street Railway Company. Monroe and Gilbert Kulp, of Shamokin, are associated with Mr. Harrington. The names of the other members of the syndicate are not made public It is understood that for a time at least Mr. Harrington will take upon himself the active management of the company.

An Appeal for the Farm.

(Governor Hughes, of New York, in Leslie's Weekly.)

When you get out where a man has a little elbow room and a chance to develop, he has thoughts of his own. His thinking is not supplied to him every night and every morning, and he is less of a machine and more of a man, so that I do not think that the farmers need to be looked upon, or want to be looked upon, as dependents of the State. They do not come to the State government asking alms. They are self-reliant, they are intelligent. What we want in connection with agriculture is what we want in connection with every other field of noble effort. We want training, we want intelligence, we want scientific method, we want direction, we want the way shown, and then the man can walk in it. There is no reason why the same care and intention and skill and scientific consideration should not be devoted to agriculture as to industry and the technical trades. The men who are running away from the farms too frequently make a mistake, and some day in New York—and the day is rapidly approaching—our young men, in larger numbers, will wake up to the fact that they have a pretty good chance on the farm, and that they may be to a greater degree independent and happy in life if they stay where their happy lots were cast in connection with their fathers' farm or another which they may be able to procure.

An Effect of Idleness.

With the coming of the apartment hotel has come a problem. Its injurious effect upon women who occupy it is alarming. They become mentally, morally and physically flabby. The principal reason for the development of the apartment hotel is that life, daily life, everyday life, might be made easy for the mistress of the home. It has been. In the apartment hotel she has absolutely nothing to do, and we all know who provides mischief for idle hands and idle minds, says the Delineator.

The number of women thus liberated from the "degrading drudgery" of homely plain duties is constantly and steadily increasing. The result of the freedom is a vast crowd of women, overdeveloped as to hips and busts, who spend their days in dressing, in speeding at a mad pace in motor cars, in gambling at the bridge table, or any other exciting divertisement which causes false stimulation. With many of these women dogs take the place of children. Even in an apartment-hotel there must be something to cuddle, to fondle, to pet and for which to care. A bull pup is "less trouble" than a baby. It is the idleness of these women which often leads to the divorce courts.

Visiting cards and Wedding invitations at the COLUMBIAN office. tf

Do You Shave?

The Philadelphia Press offers the daily edition of that splendid publication one full year with an excellent razor made from best Sheffield Steel, fully guaranteed for $3.50. The price of *The Daily Press* alone one year is $3.00. The razor you get retails in the best stores (the only place the manufacturer will permit it placed on sale) for $2 00, thus creating a splendid worth of Five Dollars for $3.50. *The Press* handles no job lots, every premium offered by them is purchased direct of the manufacturers, the saving is their subscribers'. Order today and the paper and razor will be mailed to you tomorrow.

JERSEYS

Combination and Golden Lad

FOR SALE—2 Cows, 3 Heifers and 12 Bulls.

S. E. NIVIN, Landenburg, Pa.

5-23-1y*

RURAL DELIVERY.

Over Thirty-seven Thousand Routes in Operation.

A statement issued by the assistant postmaster general shows that there are now 37,000 rural delivery routes in the United States. The largest number in any commonwealth is credited to Illinois, which has 2,775. Closely following the leader are Ohio with 2,492, Iowa with 2,303 and Indiana with 2,130. Pennsylvania is the only other state with more than 2,000. If to the central western states mentioned there are added the showing of Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Missouri, the total of routes is more than 17,500. Figures indicating the amount of business handled seem to show an increasing popularity. Thus there are reported to be forty-six routes on which more than 15,000 pieces of mail are handled every month, ten of these having a record of over 20,000 pieces. Taking the country over, the average number of pieces of mail handled on a rural route each month is 4,425, again of twenty per cent. over the showing of a year ago, when the number was 3,688. What is more encouraging is that few routes show any falling off, the gain being general.

The Merry Opera of "The Toymakers"

Those who want to laugh and forget "dull care" have a treat in store for them in the new comic opera which like the book, is called "The Toymakers," and will soon be a delightful attraction in this city at the Opera House, and from all advance information, those who like to be amused will be sure to want to see this musical absurdity. The date of the production of "The Toymakers" is Thursday, November 21 and it will be for one night only, so that seats should be reserved early.

The author of the book and play is Charles Felton Pidgin Chief of the Massachusetts Bureau of Statistics, who wrote "Quincy Adams Sawyer," which was read and talked about all over the country and called "the best New England story ever written," and now he has written another bright, witty book in "The Toymakers" which is just as amusing and full of interest as his first book. Dry statistics must be good daily food, for Mr. Pidgin simply bubbles over with merriment in all his books and plays. The music was written by Charles D. Blake and John A. Bennett and has twenty-six bright and catchy numbers which are really new and tuneful and they just fit the story. It is fantastic bit of comedy, showing the peculiar situations that arise from the invention by "John Senior Stubbs" of a beautiful mechanical doll which he brings to life by the use of electricity, and it is easy to imagine the amusing complications that arise from such a combination of antique and modern inventions. That famous company of merry comedians, singers and dancers, "The Jollities," will produce this opera, and they carry their own scenery, painted especially for "The Toymakers" representing an old English inn and the interior of the toyshop. Their costumes are rich and artistic. Altogether it would be difficult to spend a more entertaining evening than to hear "The Toymakers."

Paper napkins and doilies at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Milton's Big Fair.

Overything Points to a Good Fair and a Large Attendance.

The Milton fair, which will be held on the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th of October this year, never had a brighter prospect for a good fair and a large attendance. The management of the Milton fair has established a reputation for square dealing with its exhibitors and for giving the public the best entertainment of any fair in Central Pennsylvania It takes every precaution to protect its patrons and permits no gamblers or disreputable characters on the grounds. These features have won the confidence and respect of the public, and the Milton fair lives and prospers while many other fairs have either quit business or are dragging along on the ragged edge. The heads of the several departments report that the indications are for a large increase in exhibits. The racing this year will be better than ever. The midway will be a popular feature and will be free from anything immoral or objectionable, and the attractions are the best that money can procure. Excursion rates on all the railroads.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

CLEARANCE SALE

of lots of dependable merchandise at reduced prices.

WHITE DRESSES

$ 6.50 Suits now $ 4.75
17.50 " " 12.50
10.00 " " 7.00

WOOL SUITS.

$19.75 now $12.75
14.00 " 10.00
20.00 " 14.00

LAWN WAISTS.

1.25 grade now 79 cents
Others in proportion at 1.00, 1.50, 1.80.

WHITE DRESS

Skirts of Shrunken Muslin and Linens at 98 cts. 1.20 and 1.25

SPIDER SILKS.

Handsome patterns, choice printings. Regular 50c. pieces now 39 cents.

LAWNS, BATISTES, &c., at Reduced Prices.

THE CLARK STORE.

Alexander Brothers & Co.,

—DEALERS IN—

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Confectionery and Nuts.

Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

JUPITER, KING OSCAR, WRITTEN GUARANTEE, COLUMBIAN, ETC.

Also F. F. Adams & Co's FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO.

ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

Carpets, Rugs, Matting and Draperies, Oil Cloth and Window Curtains

You Will Find a Nice Line at

W. H. BROWER'S

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

A GREAT OFFER

For You Only

Read this announcement. It is your opportunity. If you don't read it you will miss your chance. The greatest magazines in this country have combined to be offered together at a greatly reduced rate. Never before was such an offer given to the public, and it is safe to say never will be made again. This year several magazines have increased their subscription price, which shows how much greater this offer really is. The only reason we are making it to the people of this vicinity is because the magazine finds they have not as many subscribers as they desire in this particular locality. But only a limited number will be sold at this price, therefore we advise every one to accept this offer without delay. When we have received a certain number we shall withdraw the offer.

Cosmopolitan per year $1.00
The Columbian per year $1.00
Total per year $2.00
Our Price $1.00

COSMOPOLITAN

No matter how many magazines you take, Cosmopolitan is the one you cannot afford to do without. One feature in each issue is always of such overwhelming importance and worldwide interest as to lead the magazine world for that month. "The best, no matter what it costs," seems to be the motto which has made Cosmopolitan resemble no other magazine but Cosmopolitan.

For 1907 the publishers of the Cosmopolitan announce contributions from such famous authors as G. Bernard Shaw, Jack London, W. W. Jacobs, Edwin Markham, Joseph Conrad, H. G. Wells, Anthony Hope, Alfred Henry Lewis, Booth Tarkington, David Graham Phillips, Ella Wheeler Wilcox, etc.

Fill out coupon—mail today with your remittance—and be sure of getting the greatest magazine combination that was ever offered—an opportunity of years and one it is safe to say will never be made again.

CUT OFF ON THIS LINE.

THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Date.....

Enclosed please find $1.50 for which enter my name for one year's subscription to your paper and the Cosmopolitan.

Name.....

Address.....

.....

WIRELESS ACROSS OCEAN

To Be Started For Commercial Uses Inventor Asserts.

OBSTACLES REMOVED

Marconi Claims That He Will Be Prepared to Begin a Service For Business in About Three Weeks—Will Send Twenty Words a Minute at First—Faster Later.

Sydney, N. S., Sept. 26.—William Marconi will be ready to open Transatlantic wireless service for business in about three weeks, he told a correspondent.

"I shall remain in Cape Breton until this station is opened for commercial work, which will be in about three weeks," he said. "We have a little testing to do before we start. There will be no special ceremony in

WILLIAM MARCONI.

connection with the opening, but we shall have a few friends there. We shall commence active commercial work by sending messages to two or three of the Transatlantic papers. We shall make no big show, but shall go along quietly.

"We have overcome all obstacles and we are sure of success. The weather will have no effect on work unless our poles or masts should be damaged. Lightning will not bother us at all. We have gotten over the bad weather difficulty.

"We will begin with three operators, but as business increases we shall employ more. An ordinary operator can do the work; all he requires is about three months' training. We use the Continental Morse alphabet, but can use ordinary Morse, and will adopt it if we find it serves better. We send about twenty words a minute, but could work much faster. We have made no effort for speed.

SAMUEL SLOAN DEAD.

Pioneer Railroad Man Dies at 89 Following a Chill.

Garrisons, N. Y., Sept. 24.—Samuel Sloan, financier and railroad builder, died at his summer residence in this place after an illness of three days. He was eighty-nine years old. Mr. Sloan had been in his usual health until Thursday, when he was seized with a chill which developed into a violent cold.

In the broad field of American business life in the last century few men played a more active part or exerted a more wholesome influence than Mr. Sloan. He devoted more years to arduous work than are measured to the average man's span of life and made every year of the three score and ten count.

His associates often called him "lucky." They said everything he touched turned out well and that the angel of good fortune hovered over him at all times. To that he always replied:—"No, I am not lucky. There is no such thing as luck. I am simply busy. When I am not busy at work I'm busy resting."

Controlled by Standard Oil.

New York, Sept. 25.—Romances of finance were told in a maze of figures in the Federal Building recently. The law case on hand was the attempt of the United States government to crush the greatest of corporations that has grown within its borders—the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, originally the Standard Oil Trust. Frank B. Kellogg showed that the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, actually fighting for its life in Texas, was under the control of Standard Oil at the time it originally got into trouble as the active agent of a trust.

Czolgosz' Parents Seek Aid.

Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 25.—M. Czolgosz and his wife, parents of Leon Cuxolgosz, assassin of President McKinley, have applied to the Charity Department of the city for assistance. Mr. Czolgosz is eighty-three years old and his wife seventy-five. Investigators sent to the little home at No. 5716 Hosmer avenue, S. E., found them in two small rooms. Both are too old to work.

STRAPHANGER HIMSELF.

Mr. Belmont Confesses on the Occasion of Tunnel Trip.

New York, Sept. 26.—The first official trip made under the East River in the north tube of the Belmont tunnels to Long Island City was delightful. The car almost entirely fills the space in the single tracked tube and as a result pushes air ahead of it and draws more in behind. This keeps the air sweet, and keeps it cool.

Not the least interesting event of the day was the rather pointed speech that August Belmont made at the luncheon afterward in the Hotel Belmont. Here is part of what Mr. Belmont had to say:

"The transportation problem must be treated from the standpoint of a reasonable return for money invested, whether it be the city's or private money. You can't treat it on the ideal basis. We all travel in the same direction at the same time. I was born and brought up in this city and have been a straphanger all my life."

TO PRODUCE LIFE.

Prof. De Lage of Paris Fertilizes Eggs of Sea Urchins.

Paris, Sept. 26.—Remarkable experiments in the chemical development of life have been recently effected by Prof. De Lage of the Sorbonne. In his labratory at Roscoff in Brittany Prof. De Lage placed the unfertilized eggs of the sea urchin and the starfish in sea water, adding a solution of sugar with a few drops of ammonia and tannin.

In about an hour segmentaton, which is the first sign of life, began, and the eggs produced larvae. The great majority of these larvae soon died, but Prof. De Lage, by constant and minute care, brought four of the sea urchins and two of the starfish through the larvae stage, and they are now healthy growing specimens.

MANILA FORTIFIED.

Representative Cocks Will Urge Congress to Provide Defence.

Manila, P. I., Sept. 24.—William W. Cocks, Representative in Congress from the New York district formerly represented by President Roosevelt, who left Manila for home after many weeks of study of conditions in the islands, said to a correspondent:

"I will urge that Congress fortify Manila immediately, leaving Olongapo until later, because if Manila were captured the prestige of America would be gone.

Philippines Situation.

London, Sept. 25.—Mr. Hugh Hstings, for many years State Historian of New York, is in London. In the course of a talk, which naturally drifted to the question of the Philippines, he said:—

"One of two policies is open to the United States in handling the Philippines, either to sell them to prevent war or to build a big navy to maintain peace. Americans are much like the French, volatile, mercurial, optimistic and, I regret to say, hysterical. They take in national affairs chances they would repudiate and ridicule in commercial transactions.

Murphy Won.

New York, Sept. 26.—Charles F. Murphy spoke by the book when he said that the effort on the part of Mayor McClellan's friends to throw out about sixteen of the regular Tammany candidates for the district leaderships would turn out to be a joke. Only two McClellan men carried their districts. These were Fire Commissioner Francis J. Lantry of the Sixteenth and Maurice Featherson of the Twentieth.

Best Paid Rider.

New York, Sept. 25.—Walter Miller, a boy of nineteen, who for three years has been riding for the Newcastle Stable, has been engaged by Thomas H. Williams, president of the New California Jockey Club, to ride this winter at the Oakland track at a salary of $1,200 a month for six months and to ride Mr. Williams' race horses next season at a retaining fee of $18,000.

Graft Arrests.

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 26.—Fourteen men, most of them leading figures in the Commonwealth, either as puble servants or private citizens, were gathered in. Only two whose names were marked for prosecution in the Capitol graft report escaped. They are Auditor General E. A. Hardenburg, of Wayne county, former Auditor General, and Frank G. Harris, of Clearfield, formerly Treasurer.

Two Violins Stolen.

New York, Sept. 25.—Almost frantic with grief, Louis G. Knapp, an artist ,dashed into the Charles street police station, and reported that he had been robbed of two violins, which he valued at $12,000. He lives at No. 127 West Twelfth street.

Knapp said that one of the missing instruments was a Stradivarius and the other an Amati.

Bryan Will Tell Soon.

Washington, Sept. 25.—Stirred to activity by the energetic efforts to rally the conservative forces of Democracy, William J. Bryan will within a few weeks take the country into his confidence in regard to his attitude toward the Democratic Presidential nomination of 1908.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

Cabled reports from Berlin of the probability of war between Guatemala and Honduras were denied by Central American diplomats in Washington.

J. T. Harahan, president of the Illinois Central, made a statement replying to the criticism of the road's management by Stuyvesant Fish.

Bids opened for coaling the Atlantic fleet on its Pacific cruise showed that foreign bottoms and American coal were lowest in price.

Representative Hepburn declared himself in favor of more rigid laws regarding the issues of stock by corporations.

Mrs. Bertha Mund strangled her three children in Buffalo because she feared they would become crazy.

Representatives of sixteen nationalities met in Boston at the biennial session of the Congress of Religious Liberals.

Judge Lacombe, in the United States Circuit Court, appointed Adrian H. Joline and Douglas Robinson receivers for the New York City Railway Company.

Expert accountants in the employ of the Public Service Commission were put at work on the books of the Interborough-Metropolitan Company and the Metropolitan Securities Company.

James Bartlett Hammond admitted in testimony at an investigation as to his sanity that he had "lunatic spells."

Commodore E. C. Benedict sent out a party in a launch which rescued ten men from a disabled boat in Long Island Sound after an eleventh had drowned.

Three branches of the American Bankers' Association, whose convention opens in Atlantic City, held sessions, and among the speakers was Charles Emory Smith.

Federal investigators have been unable to find any trace of books to show that the old trust was handed over to the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey without liquidation.

Four persons were injured and traffic was blocked for an hour in the evening rush as a result of a collision of Brooklyn Bridge trains.

Navy Department officials are discussing the problem of finding work for fifteen thousand men in Atlantic coast navy yards after the battle ship fleet goes to the Pacific.

A novel feature of Secretary Root's visit to Mexicao will be a trip to Lake Xochimilio, where he will be met by Aztec Indians.

The National Congress of Christian Churches was opened in Boston, with many prominent persons in attendance.

The battle ship Kansas defeated the Georgia in a four hundred mile race from Cape Cod to the Delaware Breakwater.

Senator Borah, of Idaho, was placed on trial for conspiracy to defraud the government in the land cases.

By an order of the Federal Court at St. Paul the State of Minnesota was enjoined from enforcing its commodity rate law pending a decision on appeal.

The City Council of Kingston, Jamaica, adopted a resolution aimed at Chinese immigration, asking the government to exclude undesirable foreigners.

Professor Todd, of Amherst College, made experiments in the Andes at an altitude of 14,000 feet to see what effect light air pressure has on life.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Premier of Canada, denied the request of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress to take steps to abrogate the treaty with Japan.

In a general poll of republicans in all States Governor Hughes, of New York, was chosen to be the choice for the Presidential nomination in case Secretary Taft is beaten in the convention.

It was declared by a member of Congress in Washington that Japan could take the Philippines in a day.

Newspaper publishers suggested remedies for the advance in the price of white paper, including raising of subscriptions and advertising.

Announcement was made that there will be an early meeting in Washington of the trustees having in hand the raising of a fund for establishing a national peace tribunal.

Close scrutiny of stock sales of public service companies was provided in the rules of practice of the State Commission in the Second District.

Many subsidiary concerns of the Standard Oil Company in Western Pennsylvania were declared to have been omitted in the New York hearing by the company's officials in estimating income.

Two clergymen delivered sermons in New York denying the charge recently made in a magazine that New York churches are cold to strangers.

Cable advices received at Washington stated that thirty-one men died in the explosion on the Kashima, a Japanese battle ship.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Antwerp's dockers' strike has ended in unconditional surrender on the part of the laborers, says a despatch.

The Anglo-Russian convention, ratifications having been exchanged, will be gazetted officially soon.

Mystery surrounds the reported marrage of the Countess Montignoso, formerly Crown Princess of Saxony, to an Italian singer, Toselli.

Corean leters told of attacks by the Japanese vernacular press upon American missionaries, asserting they were inciting natives to revolt.

Moorish tribesmen ended the war by accepting unconditionally the French terms.

Residents of Chicago in Paris regret the defeat of the city charter, says a despatch.

With a host of scientists attending from twenty-three countries the International Hygiene Congress opened in Berlin.

A man named Gebauer, according to a despatch from Berlin, has just confessed to murdeirng a woman thirteen years ago.

SPORTING NEWS.

Leading members of the New York Yacht Club conferred at Newport with Captain "Nat" Herreshoff regarding a defender of the America's Cup.

The Skedadle, owned by H. N. Baruch, was the only boat to finish in the thirty-mile motor boat race decided on the Hudson.

Miss Marie Wagner and Mrs. W. H. Pouch defeated Miss Alice L. Day and Miss Adele Kruse and won the women's tennis doubles championship of New Jersey.

By defeating Philadelphia the Cubs clinched their hold on the 1907 National League pennant.

McGraw, manager of the Giants, is accused of throwing water in the face of Klein, an umpire.

The Sparrow, winner of last year's reliability test, was unable to finish in a similar contest held on the Hudson in the national motor boat carnival.

Train Sinks Into Earth.

Creston, O., Sept., 25.—A train consisting of a locomotive and four cars on the new eleven-mile cut off of the Baltimure & Ohio Railroad from this town to Sullivan sank out of sight. Only by jumping did the train crew escape death in the great fill. The crust over an underground lake, whose existence has been suspected for years, is suppoed to have been broken. The citizens are alarmed.

A Receivership Probably.

New York, Sept. 25.—Though no official admissions have been made on the subject, it is regarded as a foregone conclusion that the Ryan-Belmont interests, since the return of Thomas F. Ryan from Europe, have agreed on a plan which contemplates application at an early date before the United States District Court for a receivership for the New York City Railway Company.

May Annex Corea.

Tokio, Sept. 25.—The prospect of annexation by Japan seems again looming before the Corean people. Marquis Ito is quoted as saying that in view of the incerasing gravity of the situation it may be necessary to alter Japan's policy; that the present situation indicates that the entire people are unfriendly and if they persist in that attitude it will be "the last day for them."

Dr. Chadwick Ill and Poor.

Cleveland, Sept. 26.—Although three years ago he was a wealthy leader of the medical profession in this city and high in the social world, Dr. Leroy S. Chadwick, husband of Cassie Chadwick, who handled millions of borrowed money, is poverty stricken in Florida. Dr. Chadwick is working around in his brother's store in Jacksonville to keep himself and his daughter from want.

Roosevelt Crank Killed.

New York, Sept. 25.—The body of Orlando Toland, the crank who said he rode on freight trains all the way from Oxford, Ala., to the home of President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay to get the latter to help him collect a claim of $10,000,000 from John D. Rockefeller, now lies in the morgue at Hackensack, N. J. He was run over by a freight train.

Austrian Iron Giving Out.

Vienna, Sept. 25.—At a meeting of the Iron and Steel Institute, Director Kestranek, the Austrian steel magnate, stated that in twenty-five years Austria would be compelled to import iron owing to the exhaustion of the Austrian ore deposits.

Big Earthquake Recorded.

London, Sept. 26.—The observatories at Laibach, Austria, and on the Isle of Wight recorded a severe earthquake lasting one hour and a half. The distance is estimated at 7,000 miles.

RED CROSS LEADER.

Mrs. John A. Logan, the Famous Military Widow, Was Once the Political Manager of Her Husband.

Mrs. John A. Logan, president of the American Red Cross, knows personally every national character of importance from President Roosevelt to the smallest Grand Army post commander.

Mary Simmerson Cunningham was only 17 years old, when, in 1855, she became the bride of John A. Logan, then prosecuting attorney of Gallatin County, Ill., and a hero of the Mexican war while yet in his teens.

Her father, by appointment of President Pierce, was registrar of the land office of that county, and she had left her studies at St. Vincent's convent, Kentucky, to become her father's assistant, and there it was that the black eagle of Illinois met and wooed her.

She set the example at her own home by her courageous deeds, of which she would write the general with the result that he would go into

the next battle with renewed spirit and daring.

The first money General Logan sent home out of his pay his wife spent toward the purchase of a home, and when he returned from the war she handed him the deed for a home and 10 acres of land, bought from the savings of the remittances which he had made.

Mrs. Logan is a charming woman to meet. Added to the cultivation of a life spent among famous people is the talent of native genius, and the two have so blended that she ranks easily among the foremost of her sex in the nation. The deep love she evinced for her husband is manifest in every tone and look whenever his name is mentioned.

She is a Methodist and a devout worshipper, but in her religious sympathies she is most broad-minded.

When Brewing Began.

There has been no nation, no matter how uncivilized, that at one time or another has not made and used intoxicating liquors. The art of brewing was practised by the ancient Egyptians, and later by the Greeks, Romans and Gauls.

The Anglo-Saxon and English have long been considered pre-eminent masters of the art of brewing liquors The ale made by the monks in ancient times was prized most highly, and ever since the production of liquors has been increasing. In 1585 there were twenty-six large breweries in London, which brewed forty-nine thousand barrels of beer annually. In 1828 over thirty-two million barrels were brewed.

A Peculiar Effect.

It is said that the throbbing and vibrations of the engine on a modern steamer have a most extraordinary effect on the heart.

The vibration is transmitted to this vital organ with the most extraordinary results as far as the medical examination is concerned.

Through the stethoscope it seems as if every moment the heart would stop. Still, it is some comfort to know that this is considered beneficial.—The Medico.

Open Air Museum.

An open air museum is planned for Bremen of the type already familiar in many Scandinavian towns. An outline of the local culture and art from the earliest days is to be offered in a park dotted with old peasant houses.

Bengal's Produces.

The monor products of the State forests of Bengal are bamboo, sabai grass for paper making, hiney, golputta thatching wax, mica, shells india rubber, coal, nux vomica, limestone and silk cocoons.

Plant as Fly Paper.

The pingulula is a plant which is a natural fly-paper. Its leaves are constantly covered with a sticky substance that traps all insects alighting thereon.

A Single Crop Country.

Burmah is one of the world's single-crop countries, basing her prosperity on rice, as Hawaii does on sugar and the Philippines do on hemp.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

LANDIS DEMANDS PROOF

Gives Alton Immunity, But Orders Moffett To Explain Rebating.

SCENE IN COURT

The Judge's Denunciation of the Tactics Employed by the Directors of the New Jersey Couched in Language That Could Not Be Mistaken—Hot Shot for the Alton.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 26.—Another broadside was directed against the Standard Oil Company by Judge Landis in the United States District Court. Although immunity was granted the Chicago and Alton Railroad by the Judge on recommendaton of Attorney General Bonaparte, both the railroad and the Standard Oil Company were scored from the bench and a subpoena was issued by Judge Landis for James A. Moffett, president of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana. Mr. Moffett is directed to appear before the special Grand Jury that was to have investigated the Alton road, and there prove certain charges made by the directors of the New Jersey corporation.

Judge Landis' latest action is regarded as one of the most drastic moves that have been made against officials of the oil corporation during the entire litigation. The scene in the court room at times bordered on the dramatic, the developments, following the granting of immunity to the Alton road, coming as a complete surprise to counsel for the Standard Oil Company as well as to spectators.

Judge Landis' denunciation of the tactics employed by the directors of the New Jersey corporation after the imposition of the $29,240,000 fine on the Standard of Indiana was couched in language that could not be mistaken.

Frick Closes Playground.

Pittsburg, Sept. 25.—On account of the Anarchist notice, which was posted on the property of H. C. Frick, at Fifth Avenue and Grant Street, the other day, the property is to be closed to the public in the

HENRY CLAY FRICK.

future. There is a high board fence about it, but during the Summer the gates have been thrown open and the place was used as a playground for the poor children in the downtown districts.

Scientists Want Inquests.

New York, Sept. 25.—As a result of recent prosecutions against members of the Christian Science Church in cases where members have died without regular physicians having been called, the Board of Directors of the Mother Church, in Boston, inspired directly by Mis. Eddy, have issued this new by-law:

Article XX., Section 8. Sudden Decease: If a member of the Mother Church shall decease suddenly without previous injury or illness and the cause thereof be unknown an autopsy shall be made by qualified experts.

Woman in Man's Suit.

Newburyport, Mass., Sept. 25.—Dressed in a man's yachting suit, Miss Bertha A. Goodwin, a lawyer, who was arrested here at the request of the police of Pittsbrrg, Pa., was arraigned before Judge Simpson in the Municipal Court. She pleaded not guilty to being a fugitive from justice and was held in $600 bonds for a further hearing September 27.

Tore Down Flag.

Richmond, Va., Sept. 25.—Robert A. Lancaster, who is a well known banker of this city, recently ordered the American flag torn from the flagstaff planted by the Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities on Jamestown Island, and for this was summoned to appear before a court of the War Department at Washington.

Prefers Death to Sobriety.

Pittsburg, Sept. 25.—Rather than go to St. Francis's Hospital and take treatment for the liquor habit, Thomas McDermott, aged 65, a wealthy resident of Agnew, a fashionable suburb of this city, threw himself in front of a train on the Fort Wayne Road and was ground to pieces.

ARCHITECTS' MISTAKES

Queer Errors That Have Happened in House Building.

OWNER PAYS THE PRICE

An Amateur's Protest Shown in His Own Design—Stairs Too Steep to Climb Down and a Fireplace With a Wooden Beam in the Line of the Flames.

On one of the hills of Westchester, there is slowing rising a structure of mysterious and unusual ugliness. It is four stories high and is surmounted on one end by a square superstructure which looks like an enormous red brick packing box. Viewed from the front this building has all the graceful lines and picturesque beauty of a canal boat. Its laterial view looks like a section of a cigar factory on Avenue A, says the New York Sun. Its purpose is not in the least suggested by its appearance. It is a summer residence.

The owner of this house designed it himself. There could be no doubt of that after one view. A child might have designed it on a slate at school, since its proportions are exactly of the kind that youthful scholars draw with a slate pencil and write under it "A House." It would clear up matters if the owner should paint on one of its red brick walls "A House."

"I've got an architect," he said the other day. "Of course I have. I can't recall the number now for I never go near him.

"And let me tell you, young man," he added emphatically, "that is the only way to have an architect. Forget his number and don't go near him—at any rate until your house is built."

Such is the advice of the man who is prejudiced against the profession and has put up the loft building on the hilltop as his everlasting protest against the architect. A reporter tried to find out what the architect might have done to lose favor.

"I'll tell you what an architect did to me," said a woman who must weigh 250 in spite of her shortness, "and you can understand why I should be prejudiced against them. I wanted my house built with a broad room on the second floor. They said I could have that although it might make it necessary to have the stairs a little steep, as there was only a certain space on which to build. I did not object to that and the men went to work on that understanding.

"I was too stout to go prowling around climbing up and down the ladders, but my daughter watched the progress of the house. She is slight and spry, and could of course go about any where without difficulty. The house was finished in fact before I went into it, having come back from Europe just the day after it was finally furnished.

"Why in the world are those stairs so steep?" I asked of my daughter.

"Oh, that's on account of the large drawing room," she said. 'They're all right.'

"Well, I got up them with difficulty. It was like walking up the side of a house. That was nothing, however, to the surprise I experienced when I started to come down. I stopped myself with horror and looked over the precipice they had built. With my size it would have been impossible to have got to the bottom. The steps looked like little shelves about two inches wide. I ran to the telephone and the architect had somebody there within an hour.

"'You see how impossible it is,' I said. 'Nothing could induce me to take my life in my hands by trying to go down those steps. You will have to change them or realize that you have made me a prisoner for life on the second story. I would not try those steps for anything.'

"He said it had been expressly understood that the stairs were to be narrow and steep for the sake of more room on the second floor. It never could have been understood about any stairs, however, that they were to be too steep for the woman who owned them to go up and down. The carpenters arrived the next day and began to change the angle. They worked for three weeks putting in the new stairs. Then I had to pay an extra $500 for the changes that made it possible for me to use my stairway."

"That was not dangerous," said a man who heard the recital of this mistake, "but think of the peril that a man put me into. My house was finished and looked all right. We moved in late in the spring and everything went swimmingly until the autumn came. Then it was time to build a fire. There was a large open chimney place in the drawing room and we decided to try it. The first attempt brought a cloud of smoke which we could not account for, although it filled the room to suffocation.

"We found that the architects who built the house had left across the chimney at a distance of about six feet above the fireplace a thick wooden beam. Naturally as the heat of the fire ascended the beam began to ignite and smoke. The large fires that I intended to use in winter would probably have set fire to it within a short time after the big fire was lit. Well, you can imagine that I expressed my opinion freely to that architect.

A Square Deal

Is assured you when you buy Dr. Pierce's family medicines—for all the ingredients entering into them are printed on the bottle-wrappers and their formulas are attested under oath as being complete and correct. You know just what you are paying for and that the ingredients are gathered from Nature's laboratory, being selected from the most valuable native medicinal roots found growing in our American forests and while potent to cure are perfectly harmless even to the most delicate women and children. Not a drop of alcohol enters into their composition. A much better agent is used both for extracting and preserving the medicinal principles used in them, viz.—pure triple-refined glycerine. This agent possesses intrinsic medicinal properties of its own, being a most valuable antiseptic and antiferment, nutritive and soothing demulcent.

Glycerine plays an important part in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in the cure of indigestion, dyspepsia and weak stomach, attended by sour risings, heart-burn, foul breath, coated tongue, poor appetite, gnawing feeling in stomach, biliousness and kindred derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels.

Besides curing all the above distressing ailments, the "Golden Medical Discovery" is a specific for all diseases of the mucous membranes, as catarrh, whether of the nasal passages or of the stomach, bowels or pelvic organs. Even in its ulcerative stages it will yield to this sovereign remedy if its use be persevered in. In Chronic Catarrh of the Nasal passages, it is well, while taking the "Golden Medical Discovery" for the necessary constitutional treatment, to cleanse the passages freely two or three times a day with Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. This thorough course of treatment generally cures the worst cases.

In coughs and hoarseness caused by bronchial, throat and lung affections, except consumption in its advanced stages, the "Golden Medical Discovery" is a most efficient remedy, especially in those obstinate, hang-on coughs caused by irritation and congestion of the bronchial mucous membranes. The "Discovery" is not so good for acute coughs arising from sudden colds, nor must it be expected to cure consumption in its advanced stages—no medicine will do that—but for all the obstinate, chronic coughs, which, if neglected, or badly treated, lead up to consumption, it is the best medicine that can be taken.

A VISE ON NEW LINES.

Adapted to a Very Wide Variety of Work.

The vise shown in the accompanying cut will be noticed to be somewhat different in its general lines from those usually seen, but the advantage claimed for it is that it is adapted for a wider range of work than most of these implements.

It is meant for the handy man who

A HANDY AND SIMPLE VISE.

finds himself confronted with any kind of a job, and it will serve his purposes well as long as the work required it not too heavy. It is designed, among other things, to hold leather for stitching, a thing which the ordinary vise is not intended to do. It may be used as a valuable addition for the bench of the cobbler or harnessmaker, particularly the amateur, and may be used as well for holding saws and other articles for filing. It is provided with a suitable means at the base for securing it to the bench and is operated by a winged thumbscrew.

Save the Forests.

Aside from those interested in taking up these public lands there is a strong sentiment in favor of supporting the President and saving our forests. Unless something is done in this matter we shall soon see the end of our lumber resources, with the very worst results not only to the many industries which depend upon wood as the chief material but upon climate and productiveness as well.

Never before has there been such wanton waste of timber as we of America are guilty of today. We are cutting down three times as much as we are growing, using six times as much wood per capita as is used in Europe. After the Eastern and Western States had wasted their valuable forest wealth it was thought that the South, which had the bulk of the remaining merchantable lumber, would be more careful and sparing; but experience seems to go for nothing in this matter, and the South is to-day cutting down its pine, oak and cypress as rapidly as Michigan did. In the twenty-six years up to 1907 the fourteen SouthernStates produced 235,147,000,000 feet of lumber, or nearly one-third of the total. To-day the South has reached its maximum of production, and if it continues at its present figure it will soon be as treeless as portions of the East.

At present about one-fifth of the total forest area it still embraced in national forests; the other four-fifths have already passed into private hands. The question is now as to the preservation of these lands and the extension of Federal and State ownership and control so as to save such of our forests as remain. public sentiment is unquestionably with the President in this matter.

Buying Potatoes.

The Anxiety of Dealers Indicates a Short Crop.

An unusual thing is happening in Lancaster county where agents are traveling the country buying the potato crop in the ground. The price paid is fifty cents a bushel. It is reported that there was such keen competition last week that the price has jumped to sixty cents. The conditions are that the potatoes when taken up are to be run over a screen to take out the quite small ones. The price is considered good by the farmers, there being no handling or storing of the crop other than lifting them and delivering them to the station, and they are selling out in large numbers.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
of valuable
REAL ESTATE

The undersigned Administrator of the estate of Margaret M. Smith, late of the Townsuip of Greenwood, Columbia County and State of Pennsylvania, will expose to public sale upon the premises on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1907,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the said day in the village of Light Street, the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain house and lot of land situate in the village of Light Street in the County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post on the road leading from Bloomsburg to Orangeville and an alley and lot of Jacob Eckort, thence along said alley and lot South eighty-six degrees West one hundred and forty feet to an alley and lands of Peter Shug, thence along said alley South thirteen degrees East sixty feet to a post and corner of a lot belonging to said Peter Shug, thence along said lot North eighty-six degrees East one hundred and forty feet to a post and road leading from Bloomsburg to Orangeville thence along said road North thirteen degrees West to the place of beginning, containing thirty and five-tenth perches be the same more or less, on which is erected

A DWELLING HOUSE.

Being the same property conveyed to Elmira Marr by Henry Faus and wife by deed dated the 24th day of March, A. D. 1873, and from the heirs of the said Elmira the said house and lot was conveyed to Margaret M. Smith, by deed dated July 7, 1901, and recorded in Deed Book No. 72, page 110.

Also AT TWO O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON of the same day in the village of Rohrsburg, said County the following described house and lot:

All that certain lot of land situate in the village of Rohrsburg being part of lot No. 2 as marked on plot or draft of said village, Greenwood Township, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, being six rods in front and seven rods back with an allowance of four feet on the South line designed for an alley, and fronting Market street on the East; bounded on the North by lot No. 1, formerly owned by E. G. Ricketts; on the West by land formerly owned by Frederick Rohr, and on the South by lot No. 3 formerly owned by Isaac Evans, containing 42 rods and four feet allowance, more or less. Being the same lot of land which H. R. Albertson and his wife by deed dated April 7th, A. D. 1897 conveyed to the said Margaret M. Smith, and recorded in the office for the recording of deeds for Columbia County in Deed Book No. 63, page 144, on which are erected

A DWELLING HOUSE,
STABLE, AND SHOP.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of the sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation ni si.

WESLEY MORRIS,
Administrator.

Andrew L. Fritz,
Attorney. 9-12-4t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Alias Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, County and State aforesaid, on

SATURDAY; OCTOBER 19, 1907

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate:

All that certain piece, parcel and tract of land situate in the Borough of Catawissa, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Bounded on the North by an alley a distance of eighty feet, on the East by land of O. D. L. Kostenbauder a distance of one hundred and fifty feet, on the South by Mill Street a distance of eighty feet, and on the West by lots of Claudia Guie and Enolia Guie a distance of hundred and fifty feet.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of The Borough of Catawissa, H. C. Thomas, Collector vs. William H. Rhawn, and Columbia County vs. William H. Rhawn, and to be sold as the property of William H. Rhawn.

CHARLES B. ENT,
Sheriff.

L. C. Mensch, Attorney.
9-26 and 10-3-10-17-1907

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned auditor having been appointed by the Court to make distribution of the funds in the hands of Frank Ikeler and Harvey I. Gingles, Executors of the estate of William Gingles, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased, as shown by their third and partial account, will sit at the law offices of Fred T. Ikeler, Esq., in the Town of Bloomsburg, on Tuesday, October 22nd, 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to perform the duties of his appointment, and all those having claims are requested to present same or be forever debarred from coming in upon said estate.

9-19-5t C. A. SMALL, Auditor.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

WHY YOU SHOULD SEE JAMESTOWN.

The Jamestown Exposition is no longer a prospect; it has developed into an interesting reality. Its field is distinctly historical, and it liberally illustrates by picture and reproduction the development of American civilization and American institutions from the day of the first settlement on Jamestown peninsula in 1607 through three hundred years to the present time. Famous buildings in the Nation's history have been reproduced by thirty different states, filled with memories of the olden times and of memorials of the upward march.

The National Government has taken a keen interest in the Exposition, and is one of its chief exhibitors. The display of modern warships of all nations on Hampton Roads is a unique and attractive feature, and the military manoeuvres lend a stirring touch to the daily program.

The Jamestown Exposition is a prominent event in our National history and should be visited by every American citizen who desires to see what three hundred years of American enterprise has wrought in our land.

The Pennsylvania Railroad offers attractive service via Philadelphia and its "Cape Charles Route;" by its routes via Baltimore and the Chesapeake Bay lines, via Washington and the Potomac River line, and via Washington and Richmond. The rates are reasonable, and the fare varies according to the route and length of the stay.

Ask Ticket Agents for rates of fare, stop-over privileges, and time of trains.

9-19-26-2t.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS
TO
NIAGARA FALLS

October 9, 1907.

ROUND-TRIP RATE **$6.90** FROM EAST BLOOMSBURG

Tickets good going on train leaving 11.47 a. m., connecting with SPECIAL TRAIN of Pullman Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Day Coaches running via the

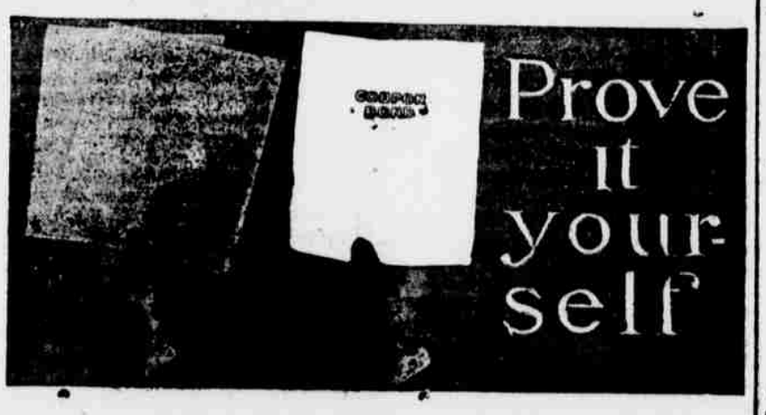
PICTURESQUE SUSQUEHANNA VALLEY ROUTE

Tickets good returning on regular trains within TEN DAYS. Stop-off within limit allowed at Buffalo returning.

Illustrated Booklet and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agents

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

The Proof is in the Comparison.



Particular people whose pride of name and pride in product goes into their stationery have preferred Coupon Bond irrespective of price for over fifteen years.

Not the cheapening hurry of today but the old slow careful methods that make for fineness and permanence are still used in making **COUPON BOND** Its beautiful color and texture, its remarkable toughness and erasing qualities make it not only a distinctive paper—but the de luxe and incomparable paper for all business correspondence. Write your letters so that they will compel a reading—write them on

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EAL ESTATE AGENT
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Oct. 31, 1901. tf

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Office in Wells' building over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg.
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

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Large and convenient sample rooms, ba rooms hot and cold water and all modern conveniences.

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Large and convenient sample rooms, rooms, hot and cold water, and modern c veniences. Bar stocked with best wines and liquors. First-class livery attached.

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THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 26, 1907

MAY PLEAD GUILTY.

Before Indictment and Save Costs.

Following is the substance of an act of Assembly passed by the Legislature of 1907:

"Whenever any person isch arged with the commission of any crime and such person is willing to enter a plea of guilty, no bill of indictment shall be sent to a Grand Jury, but the Court of the proper county at any session thereof shall impose sentence for such offense."

The author of this law is Charles I. Landis, President Judge of the Courts of Lancaster county. In his connection with the trial of criminal cases he saw the need of relief for friendless criminals guilty of petty thefts, and, on the other hand, saw that a great saving would be effected to the counties of the commonwealth.

In nearly all the counties Criminal Courts are held once every three months. If a person should be arrested for a petty theft or other offense the week following a Quarter Sessions Court he would be detained in prison awaiting trial three months at the expense of the county. When the case was called for trial months later that person usually pleaded guilty, and his sentence of a few months dated from the day it was pronounced.

Under Judge Landis' law a person arrested can, if he desires, be taken into Court at once; his plea of guilty can be entered and his sentence begins at once, and he will in many instances, have served his term before the next Court begins.

The county is saved the expense of maintaining the prisoner awaiting trial, and there is a further big saving in witness' fees and constables' costs that usually attach to a case returned to Court. In Lancaster county in the last three months 37 defendants pleaded guilty without awaiting the action of the Grand Jury

ROADS ARE POOR.

Better Public Highways and the Antiquated Toll Gate Must Drop Out.

Although much progress has been made in building roadways throughout the Keystone state, the system is a long way still from being ideal. The state highway commissioner in an address last week stated that Pennsylvania has 98,300 miles of township roads. On file at Harrisburg are applications for the improvement of 31,082 miles of the Commonwealth's roads. Scientific roadways to the extent of 233 miles are finished, while 265 miles of these roads are under contract. The total of good roads finished, or to be finished in a short time, is 572 miles. Thus it may be seen that we are a long way from anything like a complete system of good roads. That moss-covered relic—the toll gate—is still to be found on many of the pikes, but it is doomed to extinction, through the roads being placed in the hands of the township authorities. In several states there are no longer any toll roads. In Missouri at present much activity in road building, three solid macadam state roads being under construction between Kansas City and St. Louis. There is still some talk of building a national highway extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific, but no definite steps have as yet been taken. Pennsylvania will have to get a move on if she wishes to cut any figure as a good roads state.

Do Parents Take Enough Interest in Schools?

The opening of the schools for another year prompts the press throughout the State to devote considerable attention to school work and many good suggestions are being made. The following excellent hints to parents are from the West Chester *Village Record*: "How many parents take a really active interest in what their children are doing at school? Not a perfunctory, half-hearted questioning about the routine of the school room, but a genuine, sympathetic interest in the details of the lessons, a friendly heart-to-heart discussion of the day's work. If you do not, why not? You can see readily enough, can you not, how such an interest would lend a new charm to the duties of the school room for your boy or girl, how it would dovetail with the work of the teacher in a really effective way? The teacher is not the only guiding factor in school work. The parent has his or her part as well to perform."

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The kind You Have Always Bought

Bad Blood

Is the cause of all humors, eruptions, boils, pimples, scrofulous sores, eczema or salt rheum, as well as of rheumatism, catarrh and other troubles. The greatest blood remedy for all these troubles, proved by its unequaled record of cures, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

In usual liquid form or in chocolated tablets known as **Sarsatabs.** 100 doses $1.

Will Obey Two-Cent Law.

Pennsy, Reading and B. & O. Announce New Schedule of Fares.

Following the announcement that no change would be made in the present commutation rates for October, officials of both the Pennsylvania and Reading have stated that all single fare rates would be reduced to two cents a mile on October to conform with the new rate law which becomes effective that day. The present excursion rates, which, in this section at least, have been on the basis of two cents per mile for some time will be continued, but as the rates will be on a parity with the single fare the only advantage in their purchase will be one of convenience.

No change of limitation as to time on these tickets will be made for, as one official expressed it, "We do not intend to issue excursion tickets good for next year." Although the rates on these tickets are generally on the basis of two cents a mile, some adjustment will have to be made to some points, as in some instances the present excursion rate is from two to ten cents in excess of the round trip fare on an actual two-cents-a-mile basis.

Manager of Passenger Traffic D. B. Martin, of the Baltimore & Ohio has also announced that on October 1st agents of the company within the State of Pennsylvania will place in effect a new passenger tariff conforming with the new act. In doing this, however, no change will be made in the present commutation fares for the month of October.

Steam Road to Electrify.

Southern Pacific Let Contract to Carry San Francisco Commuters.

San Francisco commuters who live across the bay are soon to travel on electric cars on the Southern Pacific system. The company has awarded a contract for $900,000 to build a power house at Fruitvale to be the central station for Oakland, Berkeley, Alameda and Fruitville lines. The expenditures for overhead work and for substations will amount to $2,000,000. The contracts were let in New York by A. H. Babcock, electrical engineer for the Southern.

The Southern Pacific does the largest suburban business of any railroad in the world.

The cars will be run in solid trains, with an electrical motor at each end of the train, the power to be delivered by overhead trolley. Each car will have a seating capacity of eighty persons.

It is stated that the necessity for electrification came by reason of a great increase in suburban trafic, which crept up from 1,000,000 to 2,000,000 a month after the San Francisco fire. Three new ferry steamers are being built.

Montgomery, Lycoming county, expects to secure an abundance of cheap electric power. A coterie of New York capitalists are negotiating for the purchase of the Muncy Dam in the West Branch of the Susquehanna, and if the deal is made an extensive power plant will be erected just below the dam along the old canal. All the old industrial plants at Montgomery and a good many new ones will be supplied with cheap power.

PATIENCE and HOPE

It is not reasonable to assume that any chronic malady—even though attended by no dangerous symptoms—can be cured at once. And any preparation said to do this may well be distrusted. But it is the experience of intelligent people all over the land for over 30 years, that a persevering use of

DR. KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

according to directions, will soon relieve and ultimately cure cases of Fever and Ague, Biliousness, Rheumatism, Debility of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys and Bladder, and all disorders arising from an impure state of the Blood, when no other medicine or treatment has been of any permanent benefit. Sufferers may properly be reminded that Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is no speculative preparation, placed upon the market to fill the pockets of a proprietor who is ignorant of the first principles of medicine, but a prescription used with uniform success by Dr. Kennedy long before he ever dreamed of making it public.

Write to Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Roudout, N. Y., for a free sample bottle and medical booklet. Large bottles $1.00, at all druggists.

"The Whited Sepulchre," the Tale of Pelee.

Editors of magazines which publish novelettes do not, as a rule, find life a bed of roses, for really good specimens of this type of story are hard to find. When a writer has a plot suitable for a novelette, in nine cases out of ten he can just as easily elaborate it into a longer story and will insist upon doing so. Occasionally, however, one is secured that is of the requisite length—about 40,000 words—and that possesses all the other desirable qualities, and when it is, there is much editorial rejoicing thereat. Such a novelette is that in the October *Lippincott's*—"The Whited Sepulchre" by Will Levington Comfort. Its scene is laid in the illfated city of Saint Pierre, Martinique, at the time of the eruption of Mont Pelee. Constable, the hero, is a wealthy geologist, who has come there for the twofold purpose of visiting his sweet-heart and of studying the volcano. When danger threatens he tries to remove the girl to a place of safety, but her mother believes his fears to be groundless, so she interposes an objection. As a result they are still within the danger zone when the crash comes. The description of the eruption, and of the shambles which the place becomes after the catastrophe, forms a bit of descriptive writing of which neither Kipling nor any other writer need be ashamed. It is quite as graphic and soul stirring as the account of the eruption of Vesuvius in Bulwer Lytton's famous novel, "The Last Days of Pompeii."

Other notable stories in this issue of *Lippincott's* are "The Swan Song" by George L. Knapp; "Osla Whale Hunting" by Edith Rickert, author of "The Reaper" and "The Golden Hawk"; "The Martyr" by Owen Oliver; "Her College Visit" by Robert Sterling Blair; "Miss Carmichael and the Janitor" by Adele Marie Shaw; "Fat Fallon" by Alfred Damon Runyon, and "Pluck versus Diplomacy" by H. B. Dean. Edward Stratton Holloway contributes a pleasing paper on "Modern Literature and Modern Life," and there are other essays on various subjects by Mary Moss, Fred G. Blakeslee, George L. Knapp, Edwin L. Sabin, and Louise Satterthwaite. There are also several charming bits of verse, and the usual department of humor, "Walnuts and Wine." Altogether, it is a banner number.

Of Interest to School-Teachers.

In the October *Lippincott's* there is a story called "Miss Carmichael and the Janitor," by Adele Marie Shaw, which should be of especial interest to school teachers and, in fact, to all who have anything to do with our public school system. The tale describes the encounter between a spunky young schoolmarm and a man with a "pull"—a regrettable state of affairs which has many a counterpart in real life, though not always with such startling results. Another feature which should attract the attention af pedagogues is Fred G. Blakeslee's paper on "Military Training in the Public Schools." The novelette in this issue is an exceptionally fine one. It is called "A Whited Sepulchre," and the plot is based on sundry happenings in Martinque at the time of the eruption of Mont Pelee. The author is Will Levington Comfort, who in his capacity of press correspondent was accorded an excellent opportunity of studying at first and the conditions about which he writes. In addition to the foregoing, there are half a dozen other clever short stories, four or five essays on timely topics, some really good poetry, and the usual department of humor, "Walnuts and Wine." Altogether, those who buy the October *Lippincott's* will find it a very satisfactory investment.

Garibaldi's Red Shirt.

The most popular uniform of its day—perhaps of any day—in Europe was the Garibaldian shirt, whose prosaic origin was little suspected by its adorers. In a note to Mr. Trevelyans' "Garibaldi's Defence of the Roman Republic" this origin is explained by Admiral Winnington-Ingram, who was in Montevideo in 1846, when and where the uniform was first assumed: "Its adoption was caused by the necessity of clothing as economically as possible the newly raised Garibaldian Legion. A liberal offer having been made to the Government to sell at reduced prices a stock of red woollen shirts that had been intended for the Buenos Ayres market—now closed through the blockade—it was thought too good a chance to be neglected and the purchase was therefore effected. These goods had been intended to be worn by those employed in the saladeros, or great slaughtering and salting establishments for cattle at Ensenada and other places in the Argentine provinces as they made good winter clothing, while by their color they disguised in a measure the bloody work the men had in hand."—T. P. Weeky.

Freak Names in Chicago.

The new directory of Chicago shows an increase in freak names. One man is named Ex, another Ek, and there are two Amens. Among the queer names are Szyszklawicz and Cyzsz. There are 6,549 Johnsons, not including 454 Johnstons, and 4,877 Smiths. There is only one Cat in Chicago, but there are five Lions, two Elks, five of the name of Moose and a whole army of Foxes

Woman's Home Companion for October.

The *Woman's Home Companion* for October is primarily a Fashion Number, not that the other regular departments are slighted in the least, nor that the fiction is in any way below the excellent standard the *Woman's Home Companion* has set for itself. Grace Margaret Gould, the Fashion Editor, has done more than any other one person to make this October issue interesting and helpful, contributing, as she does, page after page of attractive and practical designs for Fall and Winter costumes. A particularly novel and helpful page gives photographic illustrations of the newest silks, fabrics and trimmings; another shows the new hats, going into detail as to shapes and colors. There are still others of waists and lingerie.

Two of the many good articles deserve special mention—Jack London's "Riding the South Sea Surf," an animated description of that "Royal Sport for the Natural Kings of Earth," and Anna Steese Richardson's "The Influence of Women on Business." Mrs. Richardson, herself a most successful business woman, is telling the hard truths connected with woman's entrance into the field of business, in a series of three remarkable articles, of which this is the second, on "The Woman in Business."

There are good stories by Anthony Hope, Zona Gale, Herbert D. Ward, Elliott Flower and others. Dr. Edward Everett Hale contributes a delightful talk on "The Division of Time," and the Editor has some pungent things to say about "Your Grocer." The cover of this issue is the third-prize winner in the recent prize cover contest, a charming painting by Hermann C. Wall.

Stove for Sale.

Good heating stove for sale. Has been used but little. Price reasonable. Inquire at 335 Center street.

EARLY CLOSING.

Most of the merchants of Bloomsburg have agreed to close their stores on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings of each week until November 1st, except during fair week.

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